

UGC NET 2022 ENGLISH SH1

Topic: - 30_SH1_PARTA_S1

Identify the one that has not been paired correctly.

[Question ID = 10140][Question Description = 101_30_English_OCT22_Q01]

Criticism in Wilderness – Geoffrey Hartman

[Option ID = 10557]

Madness and Civilization – Roland Barthes

[Option ID = 10558]

Poetry and Repression – Harold Bloom

[Option ID = 10559]

Strangers to Ourselves – Julia Kristeva

[Option ID = 10560]

Which of the following Articles of the Indian Constitution made the provision for use of English, alongside Hindi, for official purposes, for fifteen years?

[Question ID = 10141][Question Description = 102_30_English_OCT22_Q02]

Article 351

[Option ID = 10561]

Article 344

[Option ID = 10562]

Article 343

[Option ID = 10563]

Article 348

[Option ID = 10564]

What is meant by "Corporate author" in research?

[Question ID = 10142][Question Description = 103_30_English_OCT22_Q03]

A writer who belongs to a corporate company

[Option ID = 10565]

2. A writer who writes on matters of corporate affairs

[Option ID = 10566]

3. A work produced by an institution, an association or a government agency

[Option ID = 10567]

4. A renowned author

[Option ID = 10568]

Which of the following theorists identifies "metonymy" and "metaphor" as two fundamental structures of language?

[Question ID = 10143][Question Description = 104_30_English_OCT22_Q04]

Ferdinand de Sassure

[Option ID = 10569]

Roland Barthes



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[Option ID = 10570]
3. J.L. Austin

[Option ID = 10571]

4. Roman Jacobson

[Option ID = 10572]

5) Which of the following is not true about "Lyrical Ballads"?

[Question ID = 10144][Question Description = 105_30_English_OCT22_Q05]

1. It is a manifesto of Romantic poetry

[Option ID = 10573]

 It turns English Poetry away from the social and intellectual sophistication of the seventeenth and the eighteenth century poetry

[Option ID = 10574]

 It takes poetry out of the confines of reason and intellect to the unravished and unspoilt beauties of nature

[Option ID = 10575]

4. It is very particular about the form and structure of a poem

[Option ID = 10576]

J Hillis Miller, one of the leading exponents of deconstruction, makes a deconstructionist reading of which of the following poems of P.B. Shelley?

[Question ID = 10145][Question Description = 106_30_English_OCT22_Q06]

"The Triumph of Life"

[Option ID = 10577]

"Ode to the West Wind"

[Option ID = 10578]

"Revolt of Islam"

[Option ID = 10579]

4. "The Witch of Atlas"

[Option ID = 10580]

7) The Deserted Village by Oliver Goldsmith

[Question ID = 10146][Question Description = 107_30_English_OCT22_Q07]

1. Critiques the rural institutions

[Option ID = 10581]

2. Voices revolt of the individual man against institutions

[Option ID = 10582]

3. Reflects upon different views on the human soul

[Option ID = 10583]

Advocates urbanism over rural backwardness

[Option ID = 10584]

8) A. L. Tennyson in the following lines:

"Yet I doubt not through the ages one increasing purpose runs.

And the thoughts of men are widen'd with the process of the suns"

[Question ID = 10147][Question Description = 108_30_English_OCT22_Q08]



	Kumar Education
1. Reflects upon secularism	Downloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com
[Option ID = 10585] 2. Reflects upon evolutionary faith	
[Option ID = 10586] 3. Reflects upon utilitarianism	
[Option ID = 10587] 4. Reflects upon materialism	
[Option ID = 10588]	
9) Philip Sidney's <u>Arcadia</u> was influenced by	
[Question ID = 10148][Question Description = 109_30_English_OCT22_ 1. The Spanish Romance of Montemayor	Q09]
[Option ID = 10589] 2. The Italian Paintings of Veronese	
[Option ID = 10590] 3. The Arthurian Legends	
[Option ID = 10591] 4. The Metaphysical Poetry	
[Option ID = 10592]	
10) Who among the following has authored The Revenger's Trag	
[Question ID = 10149][Question Description = 110_30_English_OCT22_ 1. Cyril Tourneur	
[Option ID = 10593] 2. John Webster	Downloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com
[Option ID = 10594] 3. John Fletcher	
[Option ID = 10595] 4. Thomas Heywood	
[Option ID = 10596]	
11) Besides being a playwright, who among the following has to	ranslated Homer?
[Question ID = 10150][Question Description = 111_30_English_OCT22_ 1. Ben Johnson	Q11]
[Option ID = 10597] 2. Thomas Dekker	
[Option ID = 10598] 3. Thomas Heywood	
[Option ID = 10599] 4. George Chapman	
[Option ID = 10600]	

Who among the following in the article, "Fleshly School of Poetry", attacked the

Pre-Raphaelites, especially D.G. Rossetti?

[Question ID = 10151][Question Description = 112_30_English_OCT22_Q12]

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1.	Robert Browning	Downloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com
2.	[Option ID = 10601] William Holeman Hunt	
3.	[Option ID = 10602] Robert Buchanan	
4.	[Option ID = 10603] Christina Rossetti	
	[Option ID = 10604]	
1:	3) Which among the following is an incomplete poem by P.B. S.	helley?
_	Question ID = 10152][Question Description = 113_30_English_OCT22_0 "The Triumph of Life"	213]
2.	[Option ID = 10605] "Ode to the West-wind"	
3.	[Option ID = 10606] "Queen Mab"	
4.	[Option ID = 10607] "The Daemon of the World"	
	[Option ID = 10608]	
14	4) Who among the following attached himself to the Earl of No	ttingham's theatrical company?
[C	Question ID = 10153][Question Description = 114_30_English_OCT22_0 William Shakespeare	Kumar Education
2.	[Option ID = 10609] Christopher Marlowe	Downloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com
3.	[Option ID = 10610] George Peele	
4.	[Option ID = 10611] Ben Johnson	
	[Option ID = 10612]	
1!	5) When was Haruki Murkami's <u>Men Without Women</u> publish	ed?
_	Question ID = 10154][Question Description = 115_30_English_OCT22_0	215]
2.	[Option ID = 10613] 2018	
3.	[Option ID = 10614] 2014	
4.	[Option ID = 10615] 2019	
	[Option ID = 10616]	
10	6) Who is the author of the essay "Three Women's Texts and a	Critique of Imperialism" (1985)?
	Question ID = 10155][Question Description = 116_30_English_OCT22_0 Ania Loomba	Kumar Education



	Kumar Education
[Option ID = 10617] 2. Meenakshi Mukherjee	Downloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com
[Option ID = 10618] 3. Susan Meyer	
[Option ID = 10619] 4. Gayatri Chakravorty Spivak	
[Option ID = 10620]	
17) Who among the following critics appropriates the following	g statement by Karl Marx?
"They cannot represent themselves : they must be represent	nted".
[Question ID = 10156][Question Description = 117_30_English_OCT22 1. Ruth Vanita	_Q17]
[Option ID = 10621] 2. Kamla Bhasin	
[Option ID = 10622] 3. Flaria Agnes	
[Option ID = 10623] 4. Chandra Talpade Mohanty	
[Option ID = 10624]	
18) <u>Under the Net</u> (1954) is written by	[
[Question ID = 10157][Question Description = 118_30_English_OCT22 1. John Fowles	
[Option ID = 10625] 2. Iris Mudroch	Downloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com
[Option ID = 10626] 3. Edmund Goose	
[Option ID = 10627] 4. William Cooper	
[Option ID = 10628]	
19) Who among the following is <u>not</u> a recipient of the Nobel Pr	rize for Literature?
[Question ID = 10158][Question Description = 119_30_English_OCT22 1. Winston Churchill	_Q19]
[Option ID = 10629] 2. T.S. Eliot	
[Option ID = 10630] 3. W.H. Auden	
[Option ID = 10631] 4. Madam Curie	
[Option ID = 10632]	

20) Find out the correct sequence of the publications of the following books

[Question ID = 10159][Question Description = 120_30_English_OCT22_Q20]

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India: An Area of Darkness; India: A Wounded Civilization: India: A Million from KumarEdu.com Mutinies Now; A House for Mr. Biswas
 [Option ID = 10633]
 A House for Mr. Biswas: India: A Million Mutinies Now; India: An Area of Darkness: India: A Wounded Civilization

[Option ID = 10634]

 A House for Mr. Biswas; India: An Area of Darkness; India: A Wounded Civilization; India: A Million Mutinies Now

[Option ID = 10635]

4. India: A Wounded Civilization; A House for Mr. Biswas; India: An Area of Darkness; India: A Million Mutinies Now

[Option ID = 10636]

21) The "Ancient and Modern Quarrel" in Western Literary Criticism appears during

[Question ID = 10160][Question Description = 121_30_English_OCT22_Q21]

1. 100 BC

[Option ID = 10637]

Fifth Century CE

[Option ID = 10638]

Sixteenth Century CE

[Option ID = 10639]

4. Twentieth Century CE

[Option ID = 10640]



In which year Miles Coverdale translated The Old Testament of The Bible of FREE from KumarEdu.com

[Question ID = 10161][Question Description = 122_30_English_OCT22_Q22]

1533

[Option ID = 10641]

2. 1534

[Option ID = 10642]

3. 1535

[Option ID = 10643]

4. 1536

[Option ID = 10644]

23) Who is the author of the poem "House of Fame"?

[Question ID = 10162][Question Description = 123_30_English_OCT22_Q23]

William Langland

[Option ID = 10645]

Geoffrey Chaucer

[Option ID = 10646]

3. Thomas Moore

[Option ID = 10647]

4. Philip Sidney

[Option ID = 10648]



24) The heroic couplet is a pair of

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[Question ID = 10163][Question Description = 124_30_English_OCT22_Q24]

Twelve-syllable lines that rhyme

[Option ID = 10649]

Ten-syllable lines that rhyme

[Option ID = 10650]

3. Eight-syllable lines that do not rhyme

[Option ID = 10651]

4. Eight-syllable lines that rhyme

[Option ID = 10652]

25) The book Women Beware Women was published in the year

[Question ID = 10164][Question Description = 125_30_English_OCT22_Q25]

1. 1612

[Option ID = 10653]

2. 1620

[Option ID = 10654]

3. 1621

[Option ID = 10655]

4. 1622

[Option ID = 10656]

Which of the following is <u>not</u> a part of Amitav Ghosh's Ibis Trilogy? Kumar Education

[Question ID = 10165][Question Description = 126_30_English_OCT22_Q26] [Question ID = 10165][Question Description = 126_30_English_OCT22_Q26]

Sea of Poppies

[Option ID = 10657]

River of Smoke

[Option ID = 10658]

Flood of Fire

[Option ID = 10659]

4. The Calcutta Chromosome

[Option ID = 10660]

27) "A man can be destroyed but not defeated". Which of the following texts glorifies this as its predominant theme?

[Question ID = 10166][Question Description = 127_30_English_OCT22_Q27]

The Old Man and the Sea

[Option ID = 10661]

War and Peace

[Option ID = 10662]

3. A Farewell to Arms

[Option ID = 10663]

For whom the Bell Tolls

[Option ID = 10664]

28) Which of the following critics is associated with the term "contrapuntal reading"?



[Question ID = 10167][Question Description = 128_30_English_OCT22_Q28bwnloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com Mikhail Bakhtin [Option ID = 10665] Edward Said [Option ID = 10666] Roland Barthes [Option ID = 10667] Jacques Derrida [Option ID = 10668] Who is the author of A Literature of their Own? [Question ID = 10168][Question Description = 129_30_English_OCT22_Q29] Sandra Gilbert and Susan Gubar [Option ID = 10669] Elaine Showalter [Option ID = 10670] Virginia Woolf [Option ID = 10671] Sylvia Plath [Option ID = 10672] Who said, "There is, there can be and there ought to be the difference between the language 30) of prose and metrical composition"? [Question ID = 10169][Question Description = 130_30_English_OCT22_Q30] wnloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com John Dryden [Option ID = 10673] 2. William Wordsworth [Option ID = 10674] 3. S.T. Coleridge [Option ID = 10675] T.S. Eliot [Option ID = 10676] Stuart Hall belongs to — schools of cultural studies. [Question ID = 10170][Question Description = 131_30_English_OCT22_Q31] Oxford [Option ID = 10677] Cambridge [Option ID = 10678] Birmingham [Option ID = 10679] 4. American [Option ID = 10680] Tolkappiyam is a book of grammar and poetics written in the



[Question ID = 10171][Question Description = 132_30_English_OCT22_Q32] wnloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com Telugu [Option ID = 10681] Tamil [Option ID = 10682] 3. Kannada [Option ID = 10683] Malayalam [Option ID = 10684] Gaiutra Bahadur wrote an autobiographic novel titled [Question ID = 10172][Question Description = 133_30_English_OCT22_Q33] An Era of Darkness [Option ID = 10685] Dauka Puran [Option ID = 10686] The Collie Woman [Option ID = 10687] 4. Rama's Banishment [Option ID = 10688] Subramani's Fantasy Eaters (1988) is a **Kumar Education** [Question ID = 10173][Question Description = 134_30_English_OCT22_Q34] novel Downloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com [Option ID = 10689] collection of short stories [Option ID = 10690] 3. collection of essays [Option ID = 10691] 4. poem [Option ID = 10692] Canadian Multiculturalism Act was passed in the year: [Question ID = 10174][Question Description = 135_30_English_OCT22_Q35] 1. 1958 [Option ID = 10693] ². 1968 [Option ID = 10694] 3. 1978 [Option ID = 10695] 4. 1988 [Option ID = 10696] 36) The Writer and the World by V.S. Naipaul is a **Kumar Education** [Question ID = 10175][Question Description = 136_30_English_OCT22_Q36]



novel

[Option ID = 10697]

travelogue

[Option ID = 10698]

collection of essays

[Option ID = 10699]

4. non-fiction

[Option ID = 10700]

37) "It is significant that the productive capacities of this Third Space have a colonial or post colonial provenance". The above lines have been written by

[Question ID = 10176][Question Description = 137_30_English_OCT22_Q37]

Salman Rushdie

[Option ID = 10701]

Edward Said

[Option ID = 10702]

3. Benedict Anderson

[Option ID = 10703]

4. Homi K. Bhabha

[Option ID = 10704]



[Question ID = 10177][Question Description = 138_30_English_OCT22_Q38] Kumar Education

1. It denotes a speaker's or character's 3-12. It denotes a speaker's or character's deliberation on an irresolvable questioned FREE from KumarEdu.com

[Option ID = 10705]

It is an address to something inanimate

[Option ID = 10706]

3. It is applied to a work of art fraught with inherent tension

[Option ID = 10707]

4. It refers to a form of denial of existence

[Option ID = 10708]

Which writer does not belong to the Angry Young Men Movement?

[Question ID = 10178][Question Description = 139_30_English_OCT22_Q39]

John Osborne

[Option ID = 10709]

Kingsley Amis

[Option ID = 10710]

Seamus Heaney

[Option ID = 10711]

4. Philip Larkin

[Option ID = 10712]





40)	Man's Girls	d poets bicycle-pump the human heart or squash it flat Downloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com love is of man's life a thing apart: aren't like that. bove lines are written by:
		= 10179][Question Description = 140_30_English_OCT22_Q40]
[Op	otion ID = Kingsley	10713]
	otion ID = onald I	
	otion ID = ohn Wa	
[O _F	otion ID =	10716]
41)	Which	of the collections of poems are not written by Meena Alexander?
	A.	River and Bride
	B.	Articulate Silence
	C.	Raw Silk
	D.	Stone Roots
	E.	A Time to Change Kumar Education
	Choos	e the <i>correct</i> answer from the options given below: Downloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com
	stion ID A and B	= 10180][Question Description = 141_30_English_OCT22_Q41] only
	otion ID = B and D	
200	otion ID = and E	THE STATE OF THE S
	otion ID = B and E	
	otion ID =	(CO. 1775-2001)
42)	Which	n of these are not forms of flash fiction?
	A.	Drabble
	В.	Postcard fiction
	C.	Novelette
	D.	Short Story
	E.	Nanofiction
	Choos	se the <i>most appropriate</i> answer from the options given below:
[Que	stion ID	= 10181][Question Description = 142_30_English_OCT22_Q42]

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		92	-	0 6	-
1.	A	and	E	on	1

[Option ID = 10721]

2. A, B and E only

[Option ID = 10722]

D and E only

[Option ID = 10723]

4. C, D and E only

[Option ID = 10724]

- Identify the poems termed as "pastoral elegies":
 - Α. Lycidas
 - B. In Memory of W.B. Yeats
 - C. Adonais
 - D. Thyrsis
 - E. In Memoriam

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10182][Question Description = 143_30_English_OCT22_Q43]

A, B and C only

[Option ID = 10725]

2. B, C and E only

[Option ID = 10726]

3. A, C and D only

[Option ID = 10727]

4. C, D and E only

[Option ID = 10728]

Identify the correct combination among the following:

Demons A.

Novel

B. Landlady Novella

C. The Crocodile Short-Story

D. A Writer's Diary —

Essay

E. Mary Stuart Translation

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10183][Question Description = 144_30_English_OCT22_Q44]

1. A. B and E only

[Option ID = 10729]

2. C, D and E only

[Option ID = 10730]

3. B, C and E only

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[Option ID = 10731]

4. B, C and D only

[Option ID = 10732]

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- 45) Identify the correct ones among the following:
 - A. Arun Kolatkar uses colloquial speech in his poems
 - B. Kolatkar envisions abstract qualities to paint a picture of life of his own kind
 - C. The poem Boatride by Kolatkar talks about a ride in the Ganges
 - D. Private Poems in Public Garden is composed by Dilip Chitre
 - E. 'In Ethiopia' is a poem on Africa by Arun Kolatkar

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10184][Question Description = 145_30_English_OCT22_Q45]

1. A, B and C only

[Option ID = 10733]

2. B. D and E only

[Option ID = 10734]

3. A. B and D only

[Option ID = 10735]

C. B and E only

[Option ID = 10736]



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Which of these are correct combination of the works by Doris Lessing and their respective themes?

A. The Golden Notebook deals with Johor travelling to Rohonda

B. The Good Terrorist is about a doomed love affair

C. Shikasta is about a planet, which is cut-off due to the

advanced influence of civilization

D. Alfred and Emily explores the life of her parents

E. The Grass is Singing draws from her experiences in Africa

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10185][Question Description = 146_30_English_OCT22_Q46]

1. B. A and D only

[Option ID = 10737]

2. A. B and E only

[Option ID = 10738]

3. C. D and E only

[Option ID = 10739]





4. E. B and A only

[Option ID = 10740]

47) Identify the correct combination among the following:

A. Spondee : It consists of three stressed syllables

B. Pyrrhic : It consists of two unstressed syllables

C. Amphimacer: It is a metrical foot of three syllables

D. Choriambus: It is a foot of verse consisting of two stressed syllables enclosing

two unstressed syllables

E. Trochaic : It has a stressed syllable followed by an unstressed one.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10186][Question Description = 147_30_English_OCT22_Q47]

A. B and C only

[Option ID = 10741]

2. B, C and E only

[Option ID = 10742]

3. B. C and D only

[Option ID = 10743]

4. C. D and E only

[Option ID = 10744]



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- 48) Which of the following observations are true about Roland Barthes' contributions to literary theory?
 - A. He rejected the model for structural analysis of narratives
 - He perceived "meaning" as an effect of various interconnections among linguistic codes.
 - C. He identified the various codes found in the process of structuration
 - D. He played a significant role in the development of 'semiology'
 - E. He questioned the concept of literary criticism as an act of uncovering some hidden truth intended by the "Author"

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10187][Question Description = 148_30_English_OCT22_Q48]

A. B and C only

[Option ID = 10745]

2. C, D and E only

[Option ID = 10746]

3. B, C, D and E only

[Option ID = 10747]

A, B, C, D and E only





- 49) Which among the following is true about the Tractarian Movement?
 - A. It was widespread across the world
 - B. The other leaders of the movement were Paul Newman and R.H. Fronde
 - C. The movement began with a sermon by John Keble in 1833
 - D. Pusey gave the movement cohesion, fame and a name
 - E. The ideal of the Christian Church was praised by Oxford Convocation

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10188][Question Description = 149_30_English_OCT22_Q49]

A, B and C only

[Option ID = 10749]

2. A, C and E only

[Option ID = 10750]

3. C. D and E only

[Option ID = 10751]

4. B. C and D only

[Option ID = 10752]



- Which of the following denote the three phases of literary feminism according to umar Edu.com
 Elain Showalter?
 - A. Feminine
 - B. Gynic
 - C. Womanish
 - D. Feminist
 - E. Female

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10189][Question Description = 150_30_English_OCT22_Q50]

A. B and C only

[Option ID = 10753]

2. A, D and E only

[Option ID = 10754]

3. A. B and E only

[Option ID = 10755]

4. B. C and D only

[Option ID = 10756]





51) Consumerism is a major theme in which of the following works wnloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com Loyalties A. В. Saint Joan of Stockvards Death of a salesman C. D. Candida E. Waiting for Godot Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below: [Question ID = 10190][Question Description = 151_30_English_OCT22_Q51] A and B only [Option ID = 10757] 2. D and A only [Option ID = 10758] B and C only [Option ID = 10759] A and E only [Option ID = 10760] **Kumar Education** 52) Which of these statements are true in the context of Neuro-Linguistic programming? Downloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com A. 'Neuro' in NLP means that our behaviour is determined by our sensory experiences Grammatical Knowledge is a matter of practice B. NLP was developed by Richard Bandler and John Grinder in the 1970s C. Neuro covers "invisible thoughts and visible physiological reactions" D. E. All of the above Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below: [Question ID = 10191][Question Description = 152_30_English_OCT22_Q52] E only [Option ID = 10761] A, C and D only [Option ID = 10762] 3. A and D only

[Option ID = 10763] 4. B, C and D only

[Option ID = 10764]





- 53) Kimberle Crenshaw's term "intersectionality" is widely used forownloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com
 - A. academic deterioration
 - B. racial justice
 - C. peace formation
 - D. complex construction of power
 - E. identity politics

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10192][Question Description = 153_30_English_OCT22_Q53]

B. D and E only

[Option ID = 10765]

2. A. C and E only

[Option ID = 10766]

3. B. D and C only

[Option ID = 10767]

4. C, D and E only

[Option ID = 10768]

- 54) Identify the combination(s) that belong to the genre of sci-fi/speculative fiction.
 - A. Vandana Singh The Woman Who Thought She was Planet
 - B. Tehmina Durrani Blasphemy
 - C. Salman Rushdie The Satanic Verses
 - D. Priva Sarukkai Crabria Generation 14
 - E. Gautam Bhatia The wall

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10193][Question Description = 154_30_English_OCT22_Q54]

A. B and D only

[Option ID = 10769]

2. A. D and E only

[Option ID = 10770]

3. A, C and D only

[Option ID = 10771]

4. D. A and C only

[Option ID = 10772]





- Choose the right chronological sequence of publication of the following novels by Margaret umar Edu. com Atwood.
 - A. Lady Oracle
 - B. The Blind Assassin
 - C. The Handmaid's Tale
 - D. The Testaments
 - E. Alias Grace

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10194][Question Description = 155_30_English_OCT22_Q55]

A. B. C. D. E

[Option ID = 10773]

2. A. C. E. B. D

[Option ID = 10774]

3. E, A, D, B, C

[Option ID = 10775]

C. A. D. E. B

[Option ID = 10776]

- Which among the following is appropriate about Ngugi Wa Thiongo's article "Literature in schools"?

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 - The article discusses the relevance and adequacy of the present education system.
 - It advocates teaching of European texts and literature to the students of the third world countries
 - C. It reflects negatively upon the literature taught to the Kenyan students in National Schools
 - D. It argues that cultural imperialism distorts people's vision of history
 - E. It observes that European teachers are better equipped to teach literature to the Kenyan students

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10195][Question Description = 156_30_English_OCT22_Q56]

A. B and C only

[Option ID = 10777]

2. C. D and E only

[Option ID = 10778]

3. B. C and D only

[Option ID = 10779]

4. A, C and D only

[Option ID = 10780]





- Which of the following concepts are associated with Bhartrhan's theory of Sphota ? from Kumar Edu. com
 - A. Rasa
 - B. Alankara
 - C. Dhyani
 - D. Vakrokti
 - E. Shabda Brahman

Choose the $most\ appropriate$ answer from the options given below :

[Question ID = 10196][Question Description = 157_30_English_OCT22_Q57]

1. A and E only

[Option ID = 10781]

C and E only

[Option ID = 10782]

3. D and B only

[Option ID = 10783]

4. A and C only

[Option ID = 10784]

Which of these graphic narratives depict political crisis?



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A. Amruta Patil - <u>Kari</u>

B. Joe Sacco - Footnotes in Gaza

C. Art Spiegelman - Maus

D. Sarnath Banerjee - Corridor

E. Phoebe Gloeckner - The Diary of a Teenage Girl

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10197][Question Description = 158_30_English_OCT22_Q58]

1. A. B and C only

[Option ID = 10785]

2. C, D and E only

[Option ID = 10786]

3. B and C only

[Option ID = 10787]

4. B, C and D only

[Option ID = 10788]



Anglo-Irish relations in the 20th Century have been represented in which of the following umar Edu. composels?

A. Elizabeth Bowen - The Last September

B. May Sinclair - The Divine Fire

C. JG Farewell - Troubles

D. J G Farewll - The Siege of Krishnapur

E. Jeffery Farnol - <u>Black Bartlemy's Treasure</u>

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10198][Question Description = 159_30_English_OCT22_Q59]

1. A, B and C only

[Option ID = 10789]

2. A and C only

[Option ID = 10790]

3. D, E and B only

[Option ID = 10791]

4. B, C and A only

[Option ID = 10792]

Identify the novels that were published in the 1980s and the 1990s Kumar Education

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a a

A. Red Earth and Pouring Rain

- B. The Circle of Reason
- C. The Ghosts of Vasu Master
- D. Miguel Street
- E. The Siege of Babylon

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10199][Question Description = 160_30_English_OCT22_Q60]

B. C. D and E only

[Option ID = 10793]

2. A, B and C only

[Option ID = 10794]

3. B. A and D only

[Option ID = 10795]

4. A, C and E only

[Option ID = 10796]

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- 61) Which among the following are appropriate about Latin American Literature? REE from KumarEdu.com
 - There has been racial coherence and unity in literary representations of Latin America
 - The Latin American Literary tradition draws analogy between plant growth and human movement
 - C. Dzul Poot's stories depict the geography of the Chilam Balam Towns
 - Quechua had a wider popularity and presence across different nations.
 - E. The Latin American Literature is unitary and refrains from intextuality of any kind

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10200][Question Description = 161_30_English_OCT22_Q61]

1. A. D and E only

[Option ID = 10797]

2. C, B and E only

[Option ID = 10798]

3. B. C and E only

[Option ID = 10799]

4. B, C and D only

[Option ID = 10800]

- According to Roland Barthes, which of the following "Codes" are common to all narratives:
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 - A. Synthetic code
 - B. Proairctic code
 - C. Semic Code
 - D. Hermencutic code
 - E. Symbolic code

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10201][Question Description = 162_30_English_OCT22_Q62]

A and B only

[Option ID = 10801]

2. B and C only

[Option ID = 10802]

3. A. B and C only

[Option ID = 10803]

4. B, C, D and E only

[Option ID = 10804]





- What does Aristotle mean by the phrase "language with pleasurable accessories" in his umar Edu. com definition of tragedy?
 - A. A language full of pompous vocabulary
 - B. An embellished language
 - C. A language full of rhythm and harmony
 - D. A language superadded with song
 - E. Emotive language

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10202][Question Description = 163_30_English_OCT22_Q63]

A and B only

[Option ID = 10805]

B and E only

[Option ID = 10806]

3. C and D only

[Option ID = 10807]

4. A. B and D only

[Option ID = 10808]

Which among the following are true about Harold Pinter?



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- Harold Pinter was born in the year 1925.
- B. He was influenced by Samuel Beckett and the Theatre of the Absurd.
- C. The Caretaker and The Alchemist are his famous plays.
- Stanley is a character in The Birthday Party.
- Betrayal is a story of a married couple.

Choose the *correct* answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10203][Question Description = 164_30_English_OCT22_Q64]

1. A, D and E only

[Option ID = 10809]

2. B. D and E only

[Option ID = 10810]

3. B. C and D only

[Option ID = 10811]

4. A, C and D only

[Option ID = 10812]





- Which of the following are Plato's main objections against poetry inloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com
 - A. The poet is an imitator.
 - B. The poet is incapable of bravery.
 - C. The poet, by fueling passions and emotions, weakens the reasoning capacity of the citizens.
 - D. The poet is less responsible.
 - The poet has no knowledge of the world,

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10204][Question Description = 165_30_English_OCT22_Q65]

1. A, C and E only

[Option ID = 10813]

2. A and B only

[Option ID = 10814]

3. B and D only

[Option ID = 10815]

4. E and D only

[Option ID = 10816]

66) Match List I with List II:



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- List I
- List II
- (A) Donald Davie
- (I) Against Romanticism
- (B) Philip Larkin
- (II) Hurry on Down
- (C) Kingsley Amis
- (III) The Shires
- (D) John Wain
- (IV) The North Ship

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10205][Question Description = 166_30_English_OCT22_Q66]

1. (A)-(IV), (B)-(I), (C)-(II), (D)-(III)

[Option ID = 10817]

2. (A)-(I), (B)-(III), (C)-(IV), (D)-(II)

[Option ID = 10818]

3. (A)-(II), (B)-(I), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)

[Option ID = 10819]

(A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(II)

[Option ID = 10820]





67) Match List I with List II:

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List I List II

(A) Salim Ali (I) Wild Beauty

(B) Jim Corbett (II) The Fall of a Sparrow

(C) Kailash Sankhala (III) Night and Days: My Book of Indian Wildlife

(D) M. Krishnan (IV) My India

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10206][Question Description = 167_30_English_OCT22_Q67]

1. (A)-(II), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(III)

[Option ID = 10821]

2. (A)-(III), (B)-(II), (C)-(IV), (D)-(I)

[Option ID = 10822]

3. (A)-(I), (B)-(III), (C)-(IV), (D)-(II)

[Option ID = 10823]

(A)-(II), (B)-(III), (C)-(IV), (D)-(I)

[Option ID = 10824]

68) Match List I with List II:

List I

List II

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(I)

- (A) "Willing to wound, and yet afraid to strike."
- (B) "It is a truth universally acknowledged that a (II) single man in possession of good fortune must be in want of a wife."
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- (C) "Thou still unravished bride of quietness. / (III) Antithesis Thou foster child of silence and slow time."
- (D) "And ice, mast-high, come floating by, as green (IV) Assonance as emerald."

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10207][Question Description = 168_30_English_OCT22_Q68]

1. (A)-(II), (B)-(III), (C)-(I), (D)-(IV)

[Option ID = 10825]

2. (A)-(III), (B)-(I), (C)-(IV), (D)-(II)

[Option ID = 10826]

(A)-(III), (B)-(II), (C)-(IV), (D)-(I)

[Option ID = 10827]

4. (A)-(I), (B)-(IV), (C)-(II), (D)-(III)

[Option ID = 10828]

69) Match List I with List II:

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	List I		List II	
(A)	Malcolm Bradbury	(I)	Masters	
(B)	David Lodge	(II)	Lucky Jim	
(C)	Kingsley Amis	(III)	The History Man	
(D)	C P Snow	(IV)	Changing places	

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10208][Question Description = 169_30_English_OCT22_Q69]

1. (A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)

[Option ID = 10829]

(A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(II), (D)-(I)

[Option ID = 10830]

3. (A)-(II), (B)-(III), (C)-(IV), (D)-(I)

[Option ID = 10831]

4. (A)-(IV), (B)-(III), (C)-(I), (D)-(II)

[Option ID = 10832]

70) Match List I with List II:

List I List II

- (A) The Poetics of Prose
 (B) Problems of Dostoevsky's Poetics
 (I) Stanley Fish

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 (II) Tzvetan Todrov
- (B) Problems of Dostoevsky's Poetics (II) Tzvetan Todrov

 (C) Surprised by Sin (III) Mikhail Bakhtin/nloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com
- (D) The Way Women Write (IV) Mary Hiatt

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10209][Question Description = 170_30_English_OCT22_Q70]

1. (A)-(IV), (B)-(II), (C)-(I), (D)-(III)

[Option ID = 10833]

(A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(II), (D)-(I)

[Option ID = 10834]

3. (A)-(II), (B)-(III), (C)-(I), (D)-(IV)

[Option ID = 10835]

4. (A)-(II), (B)-(IV), (C)-(III), (D)-(I)

[Option ID = 10836]



List II

71) Match List I with List II:

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List I

- (A) "Faces along the bar/cling to their average (I) Wilfred Owen day."
- (B) "The awful daring of a moments surrender." (II) T.S. Eliot
- (C) "Bent double, like old beggars under sacks." (III) Allen Ginsberg
- (D) "I saw the best minds of my generation (IV) W.H. Anden destroyed by madness."

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10210][Question Description = 171_30_English_OCT22_Q71]

(A)-(IV), (B)-(II), (C)-(I), (D)-(III)

[Option ID = 10837]

2. (A)-(III), (B)-(I), (C)-(IV), (D)-(II)

[Option ID = 10838]

(A)-(I), (B)-(IV), (C)-(II), (D)-(III)

[Option ID = 10839]

4. (A)-(II), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(III)

[Option ID = 10840]

72) Match List I with List II:

List I List II

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- (A) Gender and Nation
- (I) Catherine Belsey
- (B) Greek Homosexuality
- (II) K.J. Dover
- (C) The Subject of Tragedy
- (III) W.E.B. Du Bois
- (D) The Souls of Black Folk
- (IV) Nira Yuval-Davis

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10211][Question Description = 172_30_English_OCT22_Q72]

(A)-(I), (B)-(IV), (C)-(III), (D)-(II)

[Option ID = 10841]

 $^{2}.\quad (A)\text{-}(III),\ (B)\text{-}(II),\ (C)\text{-}(IV),\ (D)\text{-}(I)$

[Option ID = 10842]

3. (A)-(II), (B)-(IV), (C)-(III), (D)-(I)

[Option ID = 10843]

4. (A)-(IV), (B)-(II), (C)-(I), (D)-(III)

[Option ID = 10844]



73) Match List I with List II:

(D) Othello

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	List I List		
(A)	Hamlet	(I)	1606
(B)	Macbeth	(II)	1599
(C)	Julius Caesar	(III)	1604

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

(IV) 1600

[Question ID = 10212][Question Description = 173_30_English_OCT22_Q73]

1. (A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(II), (D)-(I)

[Option ID = 10845]

2. (A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(IV), (D)-(III)

[Option ID = 10846]

 3 . (A)-(II), (B)-(I), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)

[Option ID = 10847]

4. (A)-(IV), (B)-(I), (C)-(II), (D)-(III)

[Option ID = 10848]

74) Match List I with List II:

	List I	List II	
(A)	To the Light house	(I)	1913
(B)	Sons and Lovers	(II)	1927
(C)	Finnegans Wake	(III)	1939
(D)	The Waste Land	(IV)	1922



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Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10213][Question Description = 174_30_English_OCT22_Q74]

1. (A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(IV), (D)-(III)

[Option ID = 10849]

2. (A)-(IV), (B)-(II), (C)-(I), (D)-(III)

[Option ID = 10850]

3. (A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(II)

[Option ID = 10851]

4. (A)-(II), (B)-(I), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)

[Option ID = 10852]

75) Match List I with List II:

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List I

List II

- (A) O' Henry
- (I) The Last Suttee
- (B) Rudyard Kipling
- (II) Beauty
- (C) Oscar Wilde
- (III) At Verona
- (D) Ralph Waldo Emerson
- (IV) Hard to Forget

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10214][Question Description = 175_30_English_OCT22_Q75]

(A)-(III), (B)-(I), (C)-(IV), (D)-(II)

[Option ID = 10853]

2. (A)-(II), (B)-(IV), (C)-(III), (D)-(I)

[Option ID = 10854]

3. (A)-(IV), (B)-(I), (C)-(III), (D)-(II)

[Option ID = 10855]

4. (A)-(I), (B)-(III), (C)-(II), (D)-(IV)

[Option ID = 10856]

76) Identify the correct pairs:

(A) The Boyfriend

Juliette Banerjee

(B) Nude Therapy

- Margaret Chatterjee Kumar Education
- (C) The Other woman and Other Stories
- Dina Mehta wnloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com
- (D) The Yankee and the Yogi
- B.G. Siddarth

(E) Prejudice of Ages

Vera Sharma

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10215][Question Description = 176_30_English_OCT22_Q76]

(A), (B) and (C)

[Option ID = 10857]

2. (A), (C) and (D)

[Option ID = 10858]

3. (B), (C) and (E)

[Option ID = 10859]

4. (C), (D) and (E)

[Option ID = 10860]





- (A) Dadaism Tristan Tzara
- (B) Super Realism Guillanne Apollinaire
- (C) Surrealism Filipo Marinetti
- (D) Futurism Andre Breton
- (E) Nihilism Ivan Sergeyevich Turgenev

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10216][Question Description = 177_30_English_OCT22_Q77]

1. (A), (C) and (E)

[Option ID = 10861]

2. (A). (B) and (E)

[Option ID = 10862]

3. (B), (C) and (D)

[Option ID = 10863]

4. (C), (D) and (E)

[Option ID = 10864]

78) Who among the following were poet Laureates of England?

- (A) Alfred Austin
- (B) Robert Bridges
- (C) Watts-Dunton
- (D) Oscar Wilde

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10217][Question Description = 178_30_English_OCT22_Q78]

(A) and (C) only

[Option ID = 10865]

2. (A) and (D) only

[Option ID = 10866]

3. (B), (C) and (D) only

[Option ID = 10867]

4. (A), (B) and (C) only

[Option ID = 10868]



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Match the following works of Edward Braithwaite according to their year of publication om Kumar Edu.com

Rights of Passage

1973 (I)

Islands (B)

1969

Masks (C)

(III) 1967

(D) The Arrivants (IV) 1968

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10218][Question Description = 179_30_English_OCT22_Q79]

(A)-(II), (B)-(I), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)

[Option ID = 10869]

(A)-(I), (B)-(III), (C)-(IV), (D)-(II)

[Option ID = 10870]

(A)-(IV), (B)-(II), (C)-(I), (D)-(III)

[Option ID = 10871]

4. (A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(II), (D)-(I)

[Option ID = 10872]

80) What is the correct sequence of the following feminist texts?

- Sexual Politics (A)
- A World of Difference (B)
- The Female Imagination (C)
- Thinking About Women (D)
- A Room of One's Own (E)

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10219][Question Description = 180_30_English_OCT22_Q80]

(A), (B), (C), (D), (E)

[Option ID = 10873]

2. (E), (B), (D), (A), (C)

[Option ID = 10874]

(E), (D), (A), (C), (B)

[Option ID = 10875]

(B), (C), (D), (E), (A)

[Option ID = 10876]



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81) Given below are two statements:

Statement I: According to W.H. Auden, The Importance of Being Earnest is the purest

example in English Literature of a 'Verbal Opera'.

Statement II: Oscar Wilde possessed profound insight into the range of the arts that in a

combined form make theatre performance possible.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10220][Question Description = 181_30_English_OCT22_Q81]

1. Both Statement I and Statement II are true

[Option ID = 10877]

2. Both Statement I and Statement II are false

[Option ID = 10878]

3. Statement I is true but Statement II is false

[Option ID = 10879]

4. Statement I is false but Statement II is true

[Option ID = 10880]

82) Given below are two statements:

Statement I: The teaching of non-native literature to the students of English Language

Tunking is said.

The teaching of non-native literature to the students of English Language

Tunking is said.

Tunking is said.

Teaching is arid.

Statement II: The negative responses in ELT classroom can create an interesting umarEdu.com

classroom situation.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10221][Question Description = 182_30_English_OCT22_Q82]

1. Both Statement I and Statement II are correct

[Option ID = 10881]

2. Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect

[Option ID = 10882]

3. Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect

[Option ID = 10883]

4. Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct

[Option ID = 10884]





83) Given below are two statements:

"....he who discovers no God Whatever, how shall he discover Heroes, the Statement I:

Visible Temples of God" is a statement by Thomas Carlyle.

Statement II: "It is not that men are ill fed, but that they have no pleasure in the work by

which they make their bread, and therefore look to wealth as the only

means of pleasure" is a statement made by John Ruskin.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10222][Question Description = 183_30_English_OCT22_Q83]

Both Statement I and Statement II are true

[Option ID = 10885]

Both Statement I and Statement II are false

[Option ID = 10886]

Statement I is true but Statement II is false

[Option ID = 10887]

Statement I is false but Statement II is true

[Option ID = 10888]

Given below are two statements:

Statement I:

"Post-truth".

Hannah Arendt's "defactualization" is very close to the concept of

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Statement II: Post-truth relies on absolute lies.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10223][Question Description = 184_30_English_OCT22_Q84]

Both Statement I and Statement II are correct

[Option ID = 10889]

2. Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect

[Option ID = 10890]

3. Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect

[Option ID = 10891]

4. Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct

[Option ID = 10892]





85) Given below are two statements:

Statement I: Comparative Literature is a study of different cultures, nations and genres.

and it explores the inherent relationship between literature and other

forms of cultural exploration.

Statement II: In the study of literature and culture, the importance of methodology is

secondary.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10224][Question Description = 185_30_English_OCT22_Q85]

Both Statement I and Statement II are true

[Option ID = 10893]

2. Both Statement I and Statement II are false

[Option ID = 10894]

3. Statement I is true but Statement II is false

[Option ID = 10895]

4. Statement I is false but Statement II is true

[Option ID = 10896]

86) Given below are two statements: One is labelled as Assertion A and the other is labelled as Reason R. Kumar Education

Assertion (A): In 19th century, Charlotte Perkins Gilman asserted economic independence (umarEdu.com

over voting rights.

Reason (R): The representation of women as power-seekers was not socially acceptable

in 19th century America.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10225][Question Description = 186_30_English_OCT22_Q86]

1. Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)

[Option ID = 10897]

2. Both (A) and (R) are correct but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A)

[Option ID = 10898]

(A) is correct but (R) is not correct

[Option ID = 10899]

4. (A) is not correct but (R) is correct

[Option ID = 10900]





67) Given below are two statements: One is labelled as Assertion A and the other is labelled as umar Edu. com Reason R.

Assertion (A): Roland Barthes describes two basic categories of text as "the readerly" and

"the writerly".

Reason (R): Language is the window through which one sees the world.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10226][Question Description = 187_30_English_OCT22_Q87]

1. Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)

[Option ID = 10901]

Both (A) and (R) are correct but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A)

[Option ID = 10902]

3. (A) is correct but (R) is not correct

[Option ID = 10903]

4. (A) is not correct but (R) is correct

[Option ID = 10904]

Assertion (A): The Marxists represent Marxism as a scientific account of social change. KumarEdu.com

Reason (R): The Marxist ideology believes that culture is a mirror of social life and the artist is an engineer of the human soul educating the working classes.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10227][Question Description = 188_30_English_OCT22_Q88]

1. Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)

[Option ID = 10905]

2. Both (A) and (R) are correct but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A)

[Option ID = 10906]

3. (A) is correct but (R) is not correct

[Option ID = 10907]

4. (A) is not correct but (R) is correct

[Option ID = 10908]





89) Given below are two statements: One is labelled as Assertion A and the other is labelled as umar Edu. com Reason R.

Assertion (A): Jacques Lacan was radically critical of the esistium psychoanalytical

theory.

Reason (R): Lacan was expelled from the International Psychoanalytical Association in

1959.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10228][Question Description = 189_30_English_OCT22_Q89]

1. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)

[Option ID = 10909]

2. Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A)

[Option ID = 10910]

3. (A) is true but (R) is false

[Option ID = 10911]

4. (A) is false but (R) is true

[Option ID = 10912]

90) Given below are two statements: One is labelled as Assertion A and the other is labelled as Reason R.

Assertion (A): In so far as we are taught how to read, what we engage are not texts but umar Edu.com

paradigms.

Reason (R): We appropriate meaning from a text according to what we need or desire,

or, in other words, according to the critical assumptions of the

predispositions that we bring to it.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

[Question ID = 10229][Question Description = 190_30_English_OCT22_Q90]

Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)

[Option ID = 10913]

2. Both (A) and (R) are correct but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A)

[Option ID = 10914]

3. (A) is correct but (R) is not correct

[Option ID = 10915]

4. (A) is not correct but (R) is correct

[Option ID = 10916]

Topic: - 30_SH1_PARTB_S1





1) Read the following passage, and answer the questions that follows (91-95) ed FREE from KumarEdu.com

However, faced with this world of faithful and complicated objects, the child can only identify himself as owner, as user, never as creator, he does not invent the world, he uses it: there are, prepared for him, actions without adventure, without wonder, without joy. He is turned into a little stay-at-home householder who does not even have to invent the mainsprings of adult causality; they are supplied to him ready-made; he has only to help himself, he is never allowed to discover anything from start to finish. The merest set of blocks, provided it is not too refined, implies a very different learning of the world: then, the child does not in any way create meaningful objects, it matters little to him whether they have an adult name; the actions he performs are not those of a user but those of a demiurge. He creates forms which walk, which roll, he creates life, not property: objects now act by themselves, they are no longer an inert and complicated material in the palm of his hand.

Roland Barthes "Toys" (Excerpt from Mythologies)

The world of objects makes the child

[Question ID = 10230][Question Description = 191_30_English_OCT22_Q91]

Imaginative

[Option ID = 10917]

Inventor

[Option ID = 10918]

Actant

[Option ID = 10919]

Creator

[Option ID = 10920]



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2) Read the following passage, and answer the questions that follow: (91-95)

However, faced with this world of faithful and complicated objects, the child can only identify himself as owner, as user, never as creator, he does not invent the world, he uses it: there are, prepared for him, actions without adventure, without wonder, without joy. He is turned into a little stay-at-home householder who does not even have to invent the mainsprings of adult causality; they are supplied to him ready-made; he has only to help himself, he is never allowed to discover anything from start to finish. The merest set of blocks, provided it is not too refined, implies a very different learning of the world: then, the child does not in any way create meaningful objects, it matters little to him whether they have an adult name; the actions he performs are not those of a user but those of a demiurge. He creates forms which walk, which roll, he creates life, not property: objects now act by themselves, they are no longer an inert and complicated material in the palm of his hand.

Roland Barthes "Toys" (Excerpt from Mythologies)

In the context of the above passage, which is the closest to being true :

[Question ID = 10231][Question Description = 192_30_English_OCT22_Q92]

Children actively learn while playing.

[Option ID = 10921]

Children are objects for toy makers.

[Option ID = 10922]





Toys affect the cognitive abilities of the children.

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[Option ID = 10923]

Children recreate meaning from the toys.

[Option ID = 10924]

Read the following passage, and answer the questions that follow: (91-95)

However, faced with this world of faithful and complicated objects, the child can only identify himself as owner, as user, never as creator, he does not invent the world, he uses it: there are, prepared for him, actions without adventure, without wonder, without joy. He is turned into a little stay-at-home householder who does not even have to invent the mainsprings of adult causality; they are supplied to him ready-made; he has only to help himself, he is never allowed to discover anything from start to finish. The merest set of blocks, provided it is not too refined, implies a very different learning of the world: then, the child does not in any way create meaningful objects, it matters little to him whether they have an adult name; the actions he performs are not those of a user but those of a demiurge. He creates forms which walk, which roll, he creates life, not property: objects now act by themselves, they are no longer an inert and complicated material in the palm of his hand.

Roland Barthes "Toys" (Excerpt from Mythologies)

The adult causality is about

[Question ID = 10232][Question Description = 193_30_English_OCT22_Q93]

Sensual and sexual knowledge of the world.

[Option ID = 10925]

Cognitive and logical structure of the world.

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[Option ID = 10926]

Nihilistic recreation of the world.

[Option ID = 10927]

Linguistic structure of the objects.

[Option ID = 10928]

4) Read the following passage, and answer the questions that follow: (91-95)

However, faced with this world of faithful and complicated objects, the child can only identify himself as owner, as user, never as creator, he does not invent the world, he uses it: there are, prepared for him, actions without adventure, without wonder, without joy. He is turned into a little stay-at-home householder who does not even have to invent the mainsprings of adult causality; they are supplied to him ready-made; he has only to help himself, he is never allowed to discover anything from start to finish. The merest set of blocks, provided it is not too refined, implies a very different learning of the world: then, the child does not in any way create meaningful objects, it matters little to him whether they have an adult name; the actions he performs are not those of a user but those of a demiurge. He creates forms which walk, which roll, he creates life, not property: objects now act by themselves, they are no longer an inert and complicated material in the palm of his hand.

Roland Barthes "Toys" (Excerpt from Mythologies)

Which of the following is a correct interpretation?





[Question ID = 10233][Question Description = 194_30_English_OCT22_Q94] William William State of the Company of

The child claims the object as his property.

[Option ID = 10929]

The objects that the child holds are obscure and useless.

[Option ID = 10930]

The child cannot understand the design of the object.

[Option ID = 10931]

4. In touching the object, the child creates dynamic forms of life.

[Option ID = 10932]

Read the following passage, and answer the questions that follow: (91-95)

However, faced with this world of faithful and complicated objects, the child can only identify himself as owner, as user, never as creator, he does not invent the world, he uses it: there are, prepared for him, actions without adventure, without wonder, without joy. He is turned into a little stay-at-home householder who does not even have to invent the mainsprings of adult causality; they are supplied to him ready-made; he has only to help himself, he is never allowed to discover anything from start to finish. The merest set of blocks, provided it is not too refined, implies a very different learning of the world: then, the child does not in any way create meaningful objects, it matters little to him whether they have an adult name; the actions he performs are not those of a user but those of a demiurge. He creates forms which walk, which roll, he creates life, not property; objects now act by themselves, they are no longer an inert and complicated material in the palm of his hand.

Roland Barthes "Toys" (Excerpt from Mythologies)



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The word "demiurge" connotes

[Question ID = 10234][Question Description = 195_30_English_OCT22_Q95]

cognitive inactiveness of the children.

[Option ID = 10933]

2. their sensational realisation of the objects.

[Option ID = 10934]

their creative abilities.

[Option ID = 10935]

their sudden discovery.

[Option ID = 10936]

Topic: - 30_SH1_PARTC_S1





1) Read the following poem, and answer the questions that follow (96+100) aded FREE from KumarEdu.com

Mr Bleaney

This was Mr Bleaney's room. He stayed The whole time he was at the Bodies, till They moved him.' Flowered curtains, thin and frayed, Fall to within five inches of the sill,

Whose window shows a strip of building land.

<u>Tussocky.</u> littered. 'Mr Bleaney took

My bit of garden properly in hand.'

Bed. upright chair. sixty-watt bulb, no hook

Behind the door, no room for books or bags— Till take it.' So it happens that I lie Where Mr Bleaney lay, and stub my fags On the same saucer-souvenir, and try

Stuffing my ears with cotton-wool, to drown The jabbering set he egged her on to buy. I know his habits — what time he came down, His preference for sauce to gravy, why

He kept on plugging at the four aways — Likewise their yearly frame: the Frinton folk Who put him up for summer holidays. And Christmas at his sister's house in Stoke.

But if he stood and watched the frigid wind Tousling the clouds, lay on the fusty bed Telling himself that this was home, and grinned. And shivered, without shaking off the dread

That how we live measures our own nature. And at his age having no more to show Than one hired box should make him pretty sure He warranted no better, I don't know.

Philip Larkin



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The poem, "Mr. Bleaney", is written in a — form.

[Question ID = 10235][Question Description = 196_30_English_OCT22_Q96]

Satirical

[Option ID = 10937]

2. Lyrical

[Option ID = 10938]

3. Dramatic

[Option ID = 10939]

4. Philosophical

[Option ID = 10940]





2) Read the following poem, and answer the questions that follow (96+100) aded FREE from KumarEdu.com

Mr Bleaney

This was Mr Bleaney's room. He stayed The whole time he was at the Bodies, till They moved him.' Flowered curtains, thin and frayed, Fall to within five inches of the sill,

Whose window shows a strip of building land.

<u>Tussocky.</u> littered. 'Mr Bleaney took

My bit of garden properly in hand.'

Bed. upright chair, sixty-watt bulb, no hook

Behind the door, no room for books or bags— Til take it.' So it happens that I lie Where Mr Bleaney lay, and stub my fags On the same saucer-souvenir, and try

Stuffing my ears with cotton-wool, to drown The jabbering set he egged her on to buy. I know his habits — what time he came down, His preference for sauce to gravy, why

He kept on plugging at the four aways — Likewise their yearly frame: the Frinton folk Who put him up for summer holidays. And Christmas at his sister's house in Stoke.

But if he stood and watched the frigid wind Tousling the clouds, lay on the fusty bed Telling himself that this was home, and grinned. And shivered, without shaking off the dread

That how we live measures our own nature.

And at his age having no more to show

Than one hired box should make him pretty sure

He warranted no better, I don't know.

Philip Larkin



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Mr. Bleaney was the ---- of the house.

[Question ID = 10236][Question Description = 197_30_English_OCT22_Q97]

Owner

[Option ID = 10941]

Tenant

[Option ID = 10942]

Master

[Option ID = 10943]

Possessor

[Option ID = 10944]





Read the following poem, and answer the questions that follow (96+100) aded FREE from KumarEdu.com

Mr Bleaney

This was Mr Bleaney's room. He stayed The whole time he was at the Bodies, till They moved him.' Flowered curtains, thin and frayed, Fall to within five inches of the sill,

Whose window shows a strip of building land.

<u>Tussocky.</u> littered. 'Mr Bleaney took

My bit of garden properly in hand.'

Bed. upright chair, sixty-watt bulb, no hook

Behind the door, no room for books or bags— Till take it.' So it happens that I lie Where Mr Bleaney lay, and stub my fags On the same saucer-souvenir, and try

Stuffing my ears with cotton-wool, to drown The jabbering set he egged her on to buy. I know his habits — what time he came down, His preference for sauce to gravy, why

He kept on plugging at the four aways — Likewise their yearly frame: the Frinton folk Who put him up for summer holidays. And Christmas at his sister's house in Stoke.

But if he stood and watched the frigid wind Tousling the clouds, lay on the fusty bed Telling himself that this was home, and grinned. And shivered, without shaking off the dread

That how we live measures our own nature.

And at his age having no more to show

Than one hired box should make him pretty sure

He warranted no better, I don't know.

Philip Larkin



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In the third line 'They' refers to

[Question ID = 10237][Question Description = 198_30_English_OCT22_Q98]

Workers

[Option ID = 10945]

2. Owners

[Option ID = 10946]

Master

[Option ID = 10947]

Manufacturers

[Option ID = 10948]





4) Read the following poem, and answer the questions that follow (96+100) aded FREE from KumarEdu.com

Mr Bleaney

This was Mr Bleaney's room. He stayed The whole time he was at the Bodies, till They moved him.' Flowered curtains, thin and frayed, Fall to within five inches of the sill,

Whose window shows a strip of building land.

<u>Tussocky.</u> littered. 'Mr Bleaney took

My bit of garden properly in hand.'

Bed. upright chair, sixty-watt bulb, no hook

Behind the door, no room for books or bags— Til take it.' So it happens that I lie Where Mr Bleaney lay, and stub my fags On the same saucer-souvenir, and try

Stuffing my ears with cotton-wool, to drown The jabbering set he egged her on to buy. I know his habits — what time he came down, His preference for sauce to gravy, why

He kept on plugging at the four aways — Likewise their yearly frame: the Frinton folk Who put him up for summer holidays. And Christmas at his sister's house in Stoke.

But if he stood and watched the frigid wind Tousling the clouds, lay on the fusty bed Telling himself that this was home, and grinned. And shivered, without shaking off the dread

That how we live measures our own nature. And at his age having no more to show Than one hired box should make him pretty sure He warranted no better, I don't know.

Philip Larkin

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According to the speaker Mr. Bleany was

[Question ID = 10238][Question Description = 199_30_English_OCT22_Q99]

a humorous person

[Option ID = 10949]

2. a social and fun-loving person

[Option ID = 10950]

3. a hard working person

[Option ID = 10951]

4. a sad and dull person

[Option ID = 10952]





5) Read the following poem, and answer the questions that follow (96+100) aded FREE from KumarEdu.com

Mr Bleaney

This was Mr Bleaney's room. He stayed The whole time he was at the Bodies, till They moved him.' Flowered curtains, thin and frayed, Fall to within five inches of the sill,

Whose window shows a strip of building land.

<u>Tussocky.</u> littered. 'Mr Bleaney took

My bit of garden properly in hand.'

Bed. upright chair, sixty-watt bulb, no hook

Behind the door, no room for books or bags— Til take it.' So it happens that I lie Where Mr Bleaney lay, and stub my fags On the same saucer-souvenir, and try

Stuffing my ears with cotton-wool, to drown The jabbering set he egged her on to buy. I know his habits — what time he came down, His preference for sauce to gravy, why

He kept on plugging at the four aways — Likewise their yearly frame: the Frinton folk Who put him up for summer holidays. And Christmas at his sister's house in Stoke.

But if he stood and watched the frigid wind Tousling the clouds, lay on the fusty bed Telling himself that this was home, and grinned. And shivered, without shaking off the dread

That how we live measures our own nature.

And at his age having no more to show

Than one hired box should make him pretty sure

He warranted no better, I don't know.

Philip Larkin

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The poem 'Mr. Bleaney" deals with the portrayal of his

[Question ID = 10239][Question Description = 200_30_English_OCT22_Q100]

richness

[Option ID = 10953]

extravagance

[Option ID = 10954]

luxuriousness

[Option ID = 10955]

ordinariness

[Option ID = 10956]

Topic:- GP_SH1_S1_A



Question No: 1-5 Downloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com

The following table shows the percentage (%) distribution of five different types of Cars (A-E) produced by a Company during two consecutive years 2019 and 2020. The total number of Cars produced was 4,50,000 in the year 2019 and 5,20,000 in the year 2020. Based on the data in the table, answer the questions 1-5:

Year-wise Percentage Distribution of Production of Cars

Year	Type of Car Produced (in %)						
	A	В	C	D	E		
2019	15%	25%	30%	10%	20%		
2020	10%	30%	25%	25%	10%		

निम्नलिखित सारणी 2019 और 2020 के लगातार 2 वर्षों के दौरान एक कंपनी के द्वारा उत्पादित कार (A-E) के 5 भिन्न प्रकारों के प्रतिशत (%) विसरण को दर्शाता है। वर्ष 2019 में उत्पादित कारों की कुल संख्या 4,50,000 और वर्ष 2020 में 5,20,000 थी सारणी में दिये गये आँकडों, पर आधारित 1-5 तक के प्रश्नों का उत्तर दीजिए।

कार के उत्पादन का वितरण का वर्ष वार प्रतिशत वितरण

वर्ष	उत्पादित कार का प्रकार (प्रतिशत में)						
	A	В	C	D	E		
2019	15%	25%	30%	10%	20%		
2020	10%	30%	25%	25%	10%		

What was the difference in the production of number of Type-C cars between 2019 and 2020?

(1) 5000

8500

(3)

1)

(2) 7500

(4) 2500

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2019 और 2020 के बीच C प्रकार के कारों की संख्या के उत्पादन में कितना अंतर थ्वि PWNloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com

(1) 5000

(2) 7500

(3) 8500

(4) 2500

[Question ID = 10240][Question Description = 101_00_General_46_0CT22_Q01]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 10957]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 10958]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 10959]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 10960]

Question No : 1-5

The following table shows the percentage (%) distribution of five different types of Cars (A-E) produced by a Company during two consecutive years 2019 and 2020. The total number of Cars produced was 4,50,000 in the year 2019 and 5,20,000 in the year 2020. Based on the data in the table, answer the questions 1-5:

Year-wise Percentage Distribution of Production of Cars

Year	Type of Car Produced (in %)						
	A	В	C	D	E		
2019	15%	25%	30%	10%	20%		
2020	10%	30%	25%	25%	10%		



निम्नलिखित सारणी 2019 और 2020 के लगातार 2 वर्षों के दौरान एक कंपनी के द्वारा उत्पादित आरं (A-E) के 5 मिद्या KumarEdu.com प्रकारों के प्रतिशत (%) विसरण को दर्शाता है। वर्ष 2019 में उत्पादित कारों की कुल संख्या 4,50,000 और वर्ष 2020 में 5,20,000 थी सारणी में दिये गये आँकडों, पर आधारित 1-5 तक के प्रश्नों का उत्तर दीजिए।

कार के उत्पादन का वितरण का वर्ष वार प्रतिशत वितरण

वर्ष	उत्पादित कार का प्रकार (प्रतिशत में)						
	A	В	С	D	E		
2019	15%	25%	30%	10%	20%		
2020	10%	30%	25%	25%	10%		

If 85% of Type-E cars produced during 2019 and 2020 together are sold by the Company, then how many Type-E cars are left unsold by the company?

(1) 21825

(2) 29100

(3) 25200

(4) 21300

2019 और 2020 के दौरान सभी उत्पादित कारों के E प्रकार की 85% कंपनी द्वारा बिक्री की गई है, तब कंपनी के पास E प्रकार की कितनी कारें अभी विक्रय हेतु बची हुई हैं?

(1) 21825

(2) 29100

(3) 25200

(4) 21300

[Question ID = 10241][Question Description = 102_00_General_46_OCT22_Q02]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 10961]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 10962]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 10963]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 10964]

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Question No : 1-5

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The following table shows the percentage (%) distribution of five different types of Cars (A-E) produced by a Company during two consecutive years 2019 and 2020. The total number of Cars produced was 4,50,000 in the year 2019 and 5,20,000 in the year 2020. Based on the data in the table, answer the questions 1-5:

Year-wise Percentage Distribution of Production of Cars

Year	Type of Car Produced (in %)						
	A	В	C	D	E		
2019	15%	25%	30%	10%	20%		
2020	10%	30%	25%	25%	10%		

निम्निलिखित सारणी 2019 और 2020 के लगातार 2 वर्षों के दौरान एक कंपनी के द्वारा उत्पादित कार (A-E) के 5 भिन्न प्रकारों के प्रतिशत (%) विसरण को दर्शाता है। वर्ष 2019 में उत्पादित कारों की कुल संख्या 4,50,000 और वर्ष 2020 में 5,20,000 थी सारणी में दिये गये आँकडों, पर आधारित 1-5 तक के प्रश्नों का उत्तर दीजिए।

कार के उत्पादन का वितरण का वर्ष वार प्रतिशत वितरण

वर्ष	उत्पादित कार का प्रकार (प्रतिशत में)						
	A	В	С	D	E		
2019	15%	25%	30%	10%	20%		
2020	10%	30%	25%	25%	10%		





If the number of Type-A cars manufactured in 2020 was the same as that of 2019, then what m KumarEdu.com would have been its approximate percentage share in the total production of 2020?

(1) 11%

(2) 13%

(3) 15%

(4) 9%

यदि A प्रकार की कारों की संख्या जिनका निर्माण 2020 में किया गया वह 2019 के समान थी, तब 2020 के कुल उत्पादन में डनका लगभग प्रतिशत भाग क्या रहा होगा?

(1) 11%

(2) 13%

(3) 15%

(4) 9%

[Question ID = 10242][Question Description = 103_00_General_46_OCT22_Q03]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 10965]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 10966]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 10967]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 10968]

4)

Question No: 1-5

The following table shows the percentage (%) distribution of five different types of Cars (A-E) produced by a Company during two consecutive years 2019 and 2020. The total number of Cars produced was 4,50,000 in the year 2019 and 5,20,000 in the year 2020. Based on the data in the table, answer the questions 1-5:

Year-wise Percentage Distribution of Production of Cars

Year	Туре	e of Ca				
	A	В	С	D	E	F Kui
2019	15%	25%	30%	10%	20%	
2020	10%	30%	95%	95%	1000	vnloaded

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निम्नलिखित सारणी 2019 और 2020 के लगातार 2 वर्षों के दौरान एक कंपनी के द्वारा उत्पादित कार (A-E) के 5 मिन्न प्रकारों के प्रतिशत (%) विसरण को दर्शाता है। वर्ष 2019 में उत्पादित कारों की कुल संख्या 4,50,000 और वर्ष 2020 में 5,20,000 थी सारणी में दिये गये आँकडों, पर आधारित 1-5 तक के प्रश्नों का उत्तर दीजिए।

कार के उत्पादन का वितरण का वर्ष वार प्रतिशत वितरण

वर्ष	उत्पादित कार का प्रकार (प्रतिशत में)						
	A	В	C	D	E		
2019	15%	25%	30%	10%	20%		
2020	10%	30%	25%	25%	10%		

What is the ratio of number of Type-C cars produced in 2019 to the number of Type-D cars produced in 2020?

(1) 29:27

(2) 23:22

(3) 27:26

(4) 27:23

वर्ष 2019 में उत्पादित C-प्रकार की कारों की सँख्या का वर्ष 2020 में उत्पादित D-प्रकार की कारों की संख्याँ के साथ अनुपात क्या है?

(1) 29:27

(2) 23 - 22

(3) 27:26

(4) 27:23

[Question ID = 10243][Question Description = 104_00_General_46_0CT22_Q04] Kumar Education

1. 1 [Option ID = 10969]



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- 2. 2 [Option ID = 10970]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 10971]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 10972]

5) Question No : 1-5

The following table shows the percentage (%) distribution of five different types of Cars (A-E) produced by a Company during two consecutive years 2019 and 2020. The total number of Cars produced was 4,50,000 in the year 2019 and 5,20,000 in the year 2020. Based on the data in the table, answer the questions 1-5:

Year-wise Percentage Distribution of Production of Cars

Year	Type of Car Produced (in %)						
	A	В	C	D	E		
2019	15%	25%	30%	10%	20%		
2020	10%	30%	25%	25%	10%		

निम्नलिखित सारणी 2019 और 2020 के लगातार 2 वर्षों के दौरान एक कंपनी के द्वारा उत्पादित कार (A-E) के 5 भिन्न प्रकारों के प्रतिशत (%) विसरण को दर्शाता है। वर्ष 2019 में उत्पादित कारों की कुल संख्या 4,50,000 और वर्ष 2020 में 5,20,000 थी सारणी में दिये गये आँकडों, पर आधारित 1-5 तक के प्रश्नों का उत्तर दीजिए।

कार के उत्पादन का वितरण का वर्ष वार प्रतिशत वितरण

वर्ष	उत्पादित कार का प्रकार (प्रतिशत में)						
	A	В	С	D	E		
2019	15%	25%	30%	10%	20%		
2020	10%	30%	25%	25%	10%		

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If the percentage production of Type-B cars in 2020 was the same as that of 2019, then what KumarEdu.com would have been the number of Type-B cars produced in 2020?

(1) 112500

(2) 120000

(3) 130000

(4) 135000

यदि B प्रकार की कारों का प्रतिशत उत्पादन 2020 में 2019 के समान रहा हो तब 2020 में उत्पादित कारों के B प्रकार की संख्या क्या रही होगी?

(1) 112500

(2) 120000

(3) 130000

(4) 135000

[Question ID = 10244][Question Description = 105_00_General_46_0CT22_Q05]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 10973]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 10974]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 10975]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 10976]

Topic:- GP_SH1_S1_B

- IIT Bombay X is a non-profit MOOC platform developed by IIT Bombay using the open source platform ______.
 - (1) Joomla

(2) Sakai

(3) Drupal

(4) Open edX





	म्रोत प्लेटफार्म का उपयोग करते हारी एम ओ ओ सी (मृक) प्लेटफार्म है।	हुए, आई आई टी बांबे द्वारा विकसिन ीभाई/आई/साई/दी (बाम्बे) एक गि. -E from KumarEdu.com
(1)	ज्मला	(2) सकाई
(3)	द्रुपल	(4) ओपेन ई.डी एक्स
1. 1 [O 2. 2 [O 3. 3 [O	stion ID = 10245][Question Description Option ID = 10977] Option ID = 10978] Option ID = 10979] Option ID = 10980]	= 106_00_General_46_OCT22_Q06]
2) T	he open source platform 'Course Buil	der' on which NPTEL courses are seen, was created by
(1	1) Microsoft	(2) Google
(3	SEE CONTRACTOR VOLCENIA	(4) Wipro
मुक्त र था?	म्रोत प्लेटफार्म 'कोर्स बिल्डर' जिस पर एन पी टी ई	एल पाठ्यक्रमों को संचालित किया जाता है, किसके द्वारा बनाया गया
(1)	माइक्रोसॉफ्ट	(2) गुगल
(3)	ओरेकल	(4) विप्रो
1. 1 [O 2. 2 [O 3. 3 [O	stion ID = 10246][Question Description Option ID = 10981] Option ID = 10982] Option ID = 10983] Option ID = 10984]	= 107_00_General_46_0CT22_Q07] EXECUTE: Kumar Education
3) I	n a learner centered teaching environ	ment, teachers Downloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com
(l) recognise that all learners are u	unique and utilise different teaching styles
- 9	do not provide structure and dis	rection
	3) make decisions about how and	
(4	 do not facilitate learner's decisi 	on making process
विद्याध	र्गी केन्द्रित शिक्षण वातावरण में शिक्षक	
(1)	मानते है कि सभी शिक्षार्थी विशिष्ट है और इसी	लिए वे विभिन्न शिक्षण शैली का प्रयोग करते हैं।
(2)	संरचना व दिशा प्रदान नहीं करते हैं।	
(3)	निर्णय करते हैं कि शिक्षार्थी कैसे व क्या सीखेंगें	
(4)	शिक्षार्थियों की निर्णय लेने की प्रक्रिया को सुगम	नहीं बनाते हैं।
1. 1 [O 2. 2 [O 3. 3 [O	stion ID = 10247][Question Description Option ID = 10985] Option ID = 10986] Option ID = 10987] Option ID = 10988]	= 108_00_General_46_OCT22_Q08]





- 4) Koulberg's theory of moral development comprises of following stages wnloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com
 - (A) Obedience orientation
 - (B) Intellectual disability orientation
 - (C) Rewards / Exchange orientation
 - (D) Law and order orientation
 - (E) Social contract orientation

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- (1) (A), (B), (C), (D) only
- (2) (A), (C), (D), (E) only
- (3) (B), (C), (D), (E) only
- (4) (A), (B), (D), (E) only

कोलवर्ग के नैतिक विकास के सिद्धान्त में ये निम्नलिखित अवस्थाएँ समाविष्ठ हैं :

- (A) आज्ञापालन अभिमुखीकरण
- (B) बौद्धिक नियोंग्यता अभिमुखीकरण
- (C) पारितोषिक विनिमय अभिमुखीकरण
- (D) कानृन और व्यवस्था अभिमुखीकरण
- (E) सामाजिक संविदा अभिमुखीकरण

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नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सबसे उपयुक्त उत्तर का चयन कीजिए :

- (1) केवल (A), (B), (C), (D)
- (2) केवल (A), (C), (D), (E)
- (3) 南 a e (B), (C), (D), (E)
- (4) केवल (A), (B), (D), (E)

[Question ID = 10248][Question Description = 109_00_General_46_OCT22_Q09]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 10989]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 10990]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 10991]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 10992]





Match List I with List II Downloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com List I List II Child Development Feature (I) Less intimate, more loosely organized (A) Cliques (B) Crowds (II) General sense of oneself along with all their beliefs, emotions and attitudes. Identity (III) Exploration with delay in commitment to personal occupational choices (D) Moratorium (IV) Relatively small, friendship based Choose the correct answer from the options given below: (A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(II) (1)(2)(A)-(II), (B)-(III), (C)-(IV), (D)-(I) (3)(A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV) (4)(A)-(IV), (B)-(I), (C)-(II), (D)-(III)सुची-I के साथ सुची-II का मिलान कीजिए सूची-I सुची-II बाल-विकास लक्षण (I) अल्प प्रगाहता, अधिक निर्वध रूप से संगठित समृह (A) गट (II) सभी विश्वासों, भावनाओं और अभिवृत्तियों के साथ Education भीड स्वयं की सामान्य समझ (III) वैयक्तिक और व्यवसायिक विस्तर्गारे के तिस्तर विलंबित E from KumarEdu.com पहचान प्रतिबद्धता के साथ अन्बेषण (IV) अपेक्षाकृत छोटे, मित्रता-आधारित समृह विलंब-काल नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर का चयन कीजिए : (1) (A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(II) (2)(A)-(II), (B)-(III), (C)-(IV), (D)-(I) (3)(A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)(4) (A)-(IV), (B)-(I), (C)-(II), (D)-(III) [Question ID = 10249][Question Description = 110_00_General_46_OCT22_Q10] 1. 1 [Option ID = 10993] 2. 2 [Option ID = 10994] 3. 3 [Option ID = 10995] 4. 4 [Option ID = 10996] If a survey is conducted telephonically, which among the following statements is true? (1)It improves quality of data It improves the validity research (3)It reduces the cost of data collection (4) It makes participants comfortable यदि कोई सर्वेक्षण टेलिफोन के माध्यम से कराया जाता है तो निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथा सही है? इससे दत्त की गुणवत्ता में सधार होता है। (2) इससे विधिमान्यता शोध में सधार होता है। (1)

इससे दत्त संग्रहण की लागत घट जाती है।

1. 1 [Option ID = 10997]

[Question ID = 10250][Question Description = 111_00_General_46_0CT22_Q11]

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(4) इसके फलस्वरूप प्रतिभागी सहज महसूस करते हैं।



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2. 2	2 [Option	ID =	10998]
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3. 3 [Option ID = 10999]

4. 4 [Option ID = 11000]

7) Match List I with List II

List I

Research forms

(A) Qualitative Research

(B) Quantitative Research

(C) Triangulation

(D) Metaanalysis

List II

Description

(I) File drawer problem

(II) Convergence of findings based multiple methods

(III) Statistical analysis

(IV) Interpretive

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (A)-(III), (B)-(II), (C)-(IV), (D)-(I)
- (2) (A)-(IV), (B)-(III), (C)-(II), (D)-(I)
- (3) (A)-(I), (B)-(IV), (C)-(II), (D)-(III)
- (4) (A)-(III), (B)-(II), (C)-(IV), (D)-(I)

सूची-I के साथ सूची-II का मिलान कीजिए

सूची-I

शोध के प्रकार

(A) गुणवत्तापरक शोध

(B) परिमाणात्मक शोध

(C) त्रिकोणीयता

(D) परा-विश्लेषण

सुची-II

विवरण

(I) फाइल-ड्रॉअर प्रॉब्लेम

वहु विधियों पर आधारित निष्कर्षों का अभिसरण

(III) सांख्यिकीय विश्लेषण्

(IV) निर्वचनात्मक

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नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर का चयन कीजिए :

- (1) (A)-(III), (B)-(II), (C)-(IV), (D)-(I)
- (2) (A)-(IV), (B)-(III), (C)-(II), (D)-(I)
- (3) (A)-(I), (B)-(IV), (C)-(II), (D)-(III)
- (4) (A)-(III), (B)-(II), (C)-(IV), (D)-(I)

[Question ID = 10251][Question Description = 112_00_General_46_0CT22_Q12]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11001]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11002]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11003]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11004]



- 8) Following activities are related to the conduct of experiment in social research: FREE from KumarEdu.com
 - (A) Control the experimental environment
 - (B) Pilot test, revise and test
 - (C) Empathy with the participants
 - (D) Praising the good qualities of the participant
 - (E) Specify the treatment levels

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- (1) (A), (B), (C) only
- (2) (B), (C), (E) only
- (3) (C), (D), (E) only
- (4) (A), (B), (E) only

निम्नलिखित कार्यकलाप सामाजिक शोध में प्रयोग करने से संबंधित हैं :

- (A) प्रायोगिक परिवेश का नियंत्रण
- (B) प्रायोगिक परीक्षण, पुनरीक्षण और परीक्षण
- (C) प्रतिभागियों के साथ परानुभूति
- (D) प्रतिभागी के अच्छे गुणों की सराहना करना
- (E) व्यवहार के स्तरों को विनिर्दिष्ट करना



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नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सबसे उपयुक्त उत्तर का चयन कीजिए :

- (1) केबल (A), (B), (C)
- (2) केवल (B), (C), (E)
- (3) केवल (C), (D), (E)
- (4) केवल (A), (B), (E)

[Question ID = 10252][Question Description = 113_00_General_46_OCT22_Q13]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11005]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11006]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11007]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11008]



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9) Given below are two statements:

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Statement (I): If the length of a psychological test is increased it improves both reliability and validity.

Statement (II): Score of a test can be interpreted without referring to its norm.

In the light of the above statements, Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are correct
- (2) Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are incorrect
- (3) Statement (I) is correct but Statement (II) is incorrect
- (4) Statement (I) is incorrect but Statement (II) is correct

नीचे दो कथन दिए गए हैं :

कथन (I): यदि किसी मनोवैज्ञानिक परीक्षण की लंबाई बढ़ाई जाती है तो इससे विश्वसनीयता और वैधता दोनों में सुधार होता है।

कथन (II): किसी परीक्षण के प्राप्तांक की व्याख्या इसके मानक का संदर्भ लिए बिना की जा सकता है Education

Downloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com उपरोक्त कथन के आलोक में, नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सबसे उपयुक्त उत्तर का चयन कीजिए :

- (1) कथन (I) और (II) दोनों सही हैं
- (2) कथन (I) और (II) दोनों गलत हैं
- (3) कथन (I) सही है, लेकिन कथन (II) गलत है
- (4) कथन (I) गलत है, लेकिन कथन (II) सही है

[Question ID = 10253][Question Description = 114_00_General_46_0CT22_Q14]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11009]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11010]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11011]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11012]
- 10) Which among the following is a valid criticism of experimental method in social sciences?
 - (1) Impossible to conduct in social situation
 - (2) Artificiality of laboratory condition
 - (3) Unavailability good experiments in social sciences
 - (4) Social research problems cannot be studied experimentally





सामाजिक विज्ञान में निम्नलिखित में से क्या प्रायोगिक विधि की विधि-मान्य आलोचनी है yvnloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com

- (1) सामाजिक स्थिति में इसे करना असंभव है।
- (2) प्रयोगशाला की दशा का कृत्रिम स्वरूप।
- (3) सामाजिक विज्ञान में अच्छे प्रयोग का उपलब्ध नहीं होना।
- (4) सामाजिक शोध की समस्याओं का अध्ययन प्रायोगिक आधार पर नहीं किया जा सकता है।

[Question ID = 10254][Question Description = 115_00_General_46_0CT22_Q15]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11013]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11014]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11015]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11016]
- 11) In communication, meanings refer to a person's
 - (1) Notions about the world
 - (2) Internal responses to a message
 - (3) Subsuming messages for suppression
 - (4) External responses only

सम्प्रेषण में व्यक्ति के कथन का अभिप्राय निम्न में से किससे है?

- (1) विश्व के बारे में धारणा
- (2) किसी संदेश पर अभ्यांतरिक अनुक्रिया
- (3) निग्रह के लिए संदेशों को सम्मिलित करना
- (4) केवल बाह्य अनुक्रिया

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[Question ID = 10255][Question Description = 116_00_General_46_OCT22_Q16]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11017]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11018]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11019]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11020]



- Which of the following are true with regard to mass communication? oaded FREE from KumarEdu.com
 - (A) Messages are prepared by non-professionals
 - (B) Messages are prepared by professionals
 - (C) Messages are rapidly disseminated
 - (D) Messages are supposed to be understood
 - (E) Media audiences are homogenous

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (A), (B), (C) only
- (2) (C), (D), (E) only
- (3) (B), (C), (D) only
- (4) (A), (D), (E) only

जन संचार के संबंध में निम्नलिखित में से कौन से कथन सही हैं?

- (A) संदेश गैर वृत्तिकों द्वारा तैयार किए जाते हैं।
- (B) संदेश वृत्तिकों द्वारा तैयार किए जाते हैं।
- (C) संदेशों का तेजी से प्रसार किया जाता है।
- (D) संदेशों से अपेक्षा की जाती है कि वे बोधगम्य हों।
- (E) मीडिया के आग्राहक समांगी होते हैं।



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- (1) केवल (A), (B), (C)
- (2) केवल (C), (D), (E)
- (3) केवल (B), (C), (D)
- (4) केवल (A), (D), (E)

[Question ID = 10256][Question Description = 117_00_General_46_OCT22_Q17]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11021]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11022]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11023]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11024]





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13) Given below are two statements:

Statement (I): The disadvantage of inter-personal communication is the availability of

immediate feedback.

Statement (II): The greatest advantage of mass communication is its delayed feedback

In the light of the above statements, Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are correct
- (2) Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are incorrect
- (3) Statement (I) is correct but Statement (II) is incorrect
- (4) Statement (I) is incorrect but Statement (II) is correct

नीचे दो कथन दिए गए हैं :

कथन (I): अन्तः वैयक्तिक संचार का दोष तात्कालिक प्रतिपृष्टि की उपलब्धता है।

कथन (II): जन संचार का सबसे बड़ा लाभ इसकी विलंबित प्रतिपृष्टि है।

उपरोक्त कथन के आलोक में, नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से <u>सबसे उपयुक्त उत्तर</u> का चयन कीजिए : Kumar Education

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- कथन (I) और (II) दोनों सही हैं
- (2) कथन (I) और (II) दोनों गलत हैं
- (3) कथन (I) सही है, लेकिन कथन (II) गलत है
- (4) कथन (I) गलत है, लेकिन कथन (II) सही है

[Question ID = 10257][Question Description = 118_00_General_46_0CT22_Q18]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11025]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11026]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11027]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11028]



Identify the correct seq	uence of information p	processing in com	munication ed	FRFF from	KumarEdu.cor	m
	Identify the correct seq	Identify the correct sequence of information r	Identify the correct sequence of information processing in com-	Identify the correct sequence of information processing in communication	Identify the correct sequence of information processing in communication and FRFF from	Identify the correct sequence of information processing in communication and FREE from KumarEdu correct sequence of information processing in communication and FREE from KumarEdu correct sequence of information processing in communication and the correct sequence of information processing in communication and the correct sequence of information processing in communication and the correct sequence of information processing in communication and the correct sequence of information processing in communication and the correct sequence of information processing in communication and the correct sequence of information processing in communication and the correct sequence of information processing in communication and the correct sequence of information processing in communication and the correct sequence of information and the correct sequence of the correct sequenc

- (A) Input
- (B) Output
- (C) Data entry
- (D) Processing
- (E) Storage

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (A), (B), (E), (D), (C)
- (2) (B), (D), (E), (A), (C)
- (3) (C), (A), (D), (E), (B)
- (4) (A), (C), (D), (E), (B)

संचार में सूचना प्रक्रमण के सही अनुक्रम को चिह्नित कीजिए :

- (A) आदान (इनप्ट)
- (B) प्रतिफल (आउटपुट)
- (C) दत्त की प्रविष्टि (डाटा एन्ट्री)
- (D) संसाधन (प्रोसेसिंग)
- (E) भंडारण (स्टोरेज)

नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर का चयन कीजिए :

- (1) (A), (B), (E), (D), (C)
- (2) (B), (D), (E), (A), (C)
- (3) (C), (A), (D), (E), (B)
- (4) (A), (C), (D), (E), (B)

 $[Question\ ID=10258][Question\ Description=119_00_General_46_0CT22_Q19]$

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11029]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11030]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11031]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11032]



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15) Match List I with List II

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List I List II

Medium User vehicle

- (A) Newspaper (I) URSA mini pro
- (B) Radio (II) Satellite dishes
- C) Television (III) Electro magnetic waves
- (D) Film (IV) Rubber plate

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (A)-(IV), (B)-(III), (C)-(II), (D)-(I)
- (2) (A)-(III), (B)-(II), (C)-(I), (D)-(IV)
- (3) (A)-(II), (B)-(I), (C)-(IV), (D)-(III)
- (4) (A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)

·सूची-I के साथ सूची-II का मिलान कीजिए

सूची-I स्ची-II

माध्यम प्रयोक्ता वाहक

- (A) समाचार पत्र (I) यू आर एस ए मिल्ली प्रो
- (B) रेडियो (II) सैटेलाइट डिशेज = Kumar Education
- (C) टेलिबीजन (III) इलेक्ट्रोमैग्नेटिक विद्याvnloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com
- (D) फिल्म(IV) रबड प्लेट

नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर का चयन कीजिए :

- (1) (A)-(IV), (B)-(III), (C)-(II), (D)-(I)
- (2) (A)-(III), (B)-(II), (C)-(I), (D)-(IV)
- (3) (A)-(II), (B)-(I), (C)-(IV), (D)-(III)
- (4) (A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)

[Question ID = 10259][Question Description = 120_00_General_46_0CT22_Q20]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11033]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11034]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11035]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11036]
- In a test consisting of 150 questions carrying 1 mark each, Rishab answered 80% of the first 75 questions correctly. What percent of the other 75 questions does he need to answer correctly to score 60% overall?
 - (1) 20

(2) 40

(3) 50

(4) 60

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प्रत्येक के लिए 1 अंक वाले 150 प्रश्नों की एक परीक्षण में रिषम वे पहले 75 प्रश्नों में सं/80% के सही उत्तर दिए। कुला KumarEdu.com 60% प्राप्तांक प्राप्त करने के लिए शेष 75 प्रश्नों में से कितने प्रतिशत के उसे सही उत्तर देने होंगे?

(1) 20

(2) 40

(3) 50

(4) 60

[Question ID = 10260][Question Description = 121_00_General_46_OCT22_Q21]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11037]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11038]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11039]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11040]
- 17) The simple interest on a sum of money is 1/9 of the principal and the number of years is equal to the rate percent per annum. The rate percent per annum is:

(1) 3%

(2) 0.33%

(3) 3.33%

(4) 2.33%

किसी धनराशि पर साधारण ब्याज मूल धन का 1/9 है और वर्षों की संख्या प्रतिवर्ष दर प्रतिशत के बराबर है। प्रति वर्ष दर प्रतिशत है:

(1) 3%

(2) 0.33%

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(3) 3.33%

(4) 2.33%

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[Question ID = 10261][Question Description = 122_00_General_46_0CT22_Q22]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11041]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11042]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11043]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11044]
- 18) Given below are two statements:

Statement (I): One-fourth of sixty percent of a number is equal to two-fifth of twenty percent of another number. Then the respective ratio of the first number to the second number is 8:15.

Statement (II): A student is studying for a test from 11:00 am to 8:00 pm on weekdays and one-third of that time on Saturday. On Sunday, he takes a break and goes for a movie. The fractional part of the entire week that the student is studying is 3/7.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are true
- (2) Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are false
- (3) Statement (I) is true but Statement (II) is false
- (4) Statement (I) is false but Statement (II) is true





नीचे दो कथन दिए गए हैं :

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कथन (I): किसी संख्या के साठ प्रतिशत का एक चौथाई किसी अन्य संख्या के बीस प्रतिशत के दो बटा पांचवें

भाग के बराबर है। तब पहली संख्या और दूसरी संख्या का अनुपात क्रमश 8:15 है।

कथन (II): कोई विद्यार्थी किसी परीक्षा के लिए सप्ताह के अन्य दिन 11 बजे प्रातः से 08 बजे रात्रि तथा

शनिवार को उक्त समय के एक तिहाई होते पढ़ाई करता है। रिववार को वह छुट्टी करता है और मुवी

देखने

जाता है। पूरे सप्ताह विद्यार्थी द्वारा की जाने वाली पढाई का आंशिक भाग 3/7 है।

उपरोक्त कथन के आलोक में, नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर का चयन कीजिए :

(1) कथन (I) और (II) दोनों सत्य हैं

- (2) कथन (I) और (II) दोनों असत्य हैं
- (3) कथन (I) सत्य है, लेकिन कथन (II) असत्य है
- (4) कथन (I) असत्य है, लेकिन कथन (II) सत्य है

[Question ID = 10262][Question Description = 123_00_General_46_OCT22_Q23]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11045]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11046]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11047]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11048]

19) Given below are two statements:



Statement (I): A man sells his goods at 10% profit. If he sells his goods at 15% profit, he umar Edu.com

gets ₹ 160 more. The cost price of his goods is ₹ 4.200.

Statement (II): A man spends 80% of his earnings. His earnings increased by 25% and his

expenses increased by 20%. The man's savings thus increased by 45%.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are true
- (2) Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are false
- (3) Statement (I) is true but Statement (II) is false
- (4) Statement (I) is false but Statement (II) is true





नीचे दो कथन दिए गए हैं :

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कथन (I): कोई व्यक्ति 10% लाभ पर अपना माल बेचता है। यदि वह 15% लाभ पर बेचेगा तो उसे 160 रु.

और मिलेंगे। उसके माल का लागत मूल्य 4,200 रु. है।

कथन (II): कोई व्यक्ति अपनी आय का 80% खर्च करता है। उसकी आय में 25% और उसके खर्च में 20%

की बढ़ोत्तरी हुई। इस प्रकार उस व्यक्ति की बचत में 45% की बढ़ोत्तरी हुई।

उपरोक्त कथन के आलोक में, नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर का चयन कीजिए :

- (1) कथन (I) और (II) दोनों सत्य हैं
- (2) कथन (I) और (II) दोनों असत्य हैं
- (3) कथन (I) सत्य है, लेकिन कथन (II) असत्य है
- (4) कथन (I) असत्य है, लेकिन कथन (II) सत्य है

[Question ID = 10263][Question Description = 124_00_General_46_OCT22_Q24]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11049]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11050]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11051]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11052]
- 20) A man who can swim 48 meter/minute in still water swims 200 meter against the current and 200 meter with the current. If the difference between these two times is 10 minutes, then what is the speed of the current?
 - (1) 30 meter/minute

(2) 31 meter/minute

(3) 29 meter/minute

(4) 32 meter/minute

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कोई व्यक्ति जो शांत जल में 48 मीटर/मिनट की दर से तैर सकता है, 200 मीटर धारा के विरुद्ध और 200 मीटर धारा के साथ तैरता है। यदि इन दोनों समयों के बीच का अंतर 10 मिनट है तो धारा की गति क्या है? OWNLOADED FREE from KumarEdu.com

(1) 30 मीटर/मिनट

(2) 31 मीटर/मिनट

(3) 29 मीटर/मिनट

(4) 32 मीटर/मिनट

[Question ID = 10264][Question Description = 125_00_General_46_OCT22_Q25]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11053]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11054]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11055]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11056]



21) Given below are two statements: One is labelled as Assertion (A) and the other is labeled as Lumar Edu. com Reason (R).

Assertion (A): A valid deductive argument with all true premises will lead to a true

conclusion.

Reason (R): In a valid deductive argument, the conclusion follows from the premises

with absolute necessity.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (2) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A)
- (3) (A) is true but (R) is false
- (4) (A) is false but (R) is true

नीचे दो कथन दिए गए हैं : एक अभिकथन (Assertion A) के रूप में लिखित है तो दूसरा उसके कारण (Reason R) के रूप में :

अभिकथन (A): सभी सत्य आधारवाक्य वाला वैध निगनात्मक तर्क सत्य निष्कर्ष की ओर ले जाएगा।

कारण (R): एक वैध निगमनात्मकतर्क में, निष्कर्ष उसके आधार वाक्यों से अनिवार्य रूप से निकलेगा Education

उपरोक्त कथनों के आलोक में, नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर का चयन कीजिए 9wnloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com

- (1) (A) और (R) दोनों सत्य हैं और (R), (A) की सही व्याख्या है
- (2) (A) और (R) दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन (R), (A) की सही व्याख्या नहीं है
- (3) (A) सत्य है, लेकिन (R) असत्य है
- (4) (A) असत्य है, लेकिन (R) सत्य है

[Question ID = 10265][Question Description = 126_00_General_46_0CT22_Q26]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11057]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11058]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11059]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11060]





22) Match List I with List II

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List I	List II

In a square of opposition Resultant

- (A) 'A' being given as true (I) 'O' is undetermined
 (B) 'E' being given as true (II) 'I' is undetermined
- (C) 'I' being given as true (III) 'I' is true
 (D) 'O' being given as true (IV) 'I' is false

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (A)-(II), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(III)
- (2) (A)-(IV), (B)-(I), (C)-(III), (D)-(II)
- (3) (A)-(I), (B)-(IV), (C)-(II), (D)-(III)
- (4) (A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(II)

सूची-I के साथ सूची-II का मिलान कीजिए

सूची-II सूची-II विरोधी वर्ग निष्कर्ष

- (A) 'A' को सत्य के रूप में माना गया है (I) 'O' अनिश्चित है (II) T' अनिश्चित है (III) T' अनिश्चित है
- (B) 'E' को सत्य के रूप में माना गया है (II) T' अनिश्चित है = | KUMAR EDUCATION
- (C) T को सत्य के रूप में माना गया है (III) T सत्य है Downloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com
- (D) 'O' को सत्य के रूप में माना गया है (IV) 'I' असत्य है

नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर का चयन कीजिए :

- (1) (A)-(II), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(III)
- (2) (A)-(IV), (B)-(I), (C)-(III), (D)-(II)
- (3) (A)-(I), (B)-(IV), (C)-(II), (D)-(III)
- (4) (A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(II)

[Question ID = 10266][Question Description = 127_00_General_46_0CT22_Q27]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11061]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11062]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11063]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11064]





Which one of the following formal fallacies is committed in the given argument? REE from KumarEdu.com
All snakes are reptiles.

Some snakes are poisonous creatures.

Therefore all poisonous creatures are reptiles.

- (1) Fallacy of Illicit process of major term
- (2) Fallacy of Illicit process of minor term
- (3) Fallacy of undistributed middle term
- (4) Fallacy of four terms

दिए गए तर्क में कौन से अनकारिक दोष है :

सभी सर्प सरीसृप हैं।

कुछ सर्प विषेले जीव होते हैं।

अतः सभी विषेले जीव सरीसृप हैं।

- मुख्य पद का अवैध प्रक्रिया दोष
- (2) अमुख्य पद का प्रक्रिया दोष
- (3) माध्यम पद का अवितरित दोष
- (4) चतुष्पद दोष

[Question ID = 10267][Question Description = 128_00_General_46_0CT22_Q28]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11065]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11066]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11067]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11068]



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24) Given below are two statements:

Statement I: An inference which is based on the middle term being only positively

related to the major term is called Kevalānvayi.

Statement II: In Kevalānvayi anumana, the knowledge of vyapti between the middle and

major terms is arrived at through the method of argument in absence.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both Statement I and Statement II are true
- (2) Both Statement I and Statement II are false
- (3) Statement I is true but Statement II is false
- (4) Statement I is false but Statement II is true

नीचे दो कथन दिए गए हैं :

कथन (I): साध्य पद से हेतु पद के सकारात्मक संबंध पर आधारित अनुमिति केवल अन्वयी कहलाता है।

कथन (II): केवल अन्वयी अनुमान में हेत् और साध्य पद के बीच व्याप्ति का ज्ञान अप्रस्तुतान्वय विधि के माध्यम

से होता है।

उपरोक्त कथन के आलोक में, नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर का चयन कीजिए :

- (1) कथन (I) और (II) दोनों सत्य हैं
- (2) कथन (I) और (II) दोनों असल्य हैं
- (3) कथन (I) सत्य है, लेकिन कथन (II) असत्य है
- (4) कथन (I) असत्य है, लेकिन कथन (II) सत्य है

[Question ID = 10268][Question Description = 129_00_General_46_OCT22_Q29]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11069]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11070]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11071]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11072]



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Given below are two statements: One is labelled as Assertion (A) and the other is labeled as umar Edu. com Reason (R).

Assertion (A): Sound is non eternal, because it is caused.

Reason (R): The middle term does not prove the eternality of sound but it's

non-eternality.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (2) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A)
- (3) (A) is true but (R) is false
- (4) (A) is false but (R) is true

नीचे दो कथन दिए गए हैं : एक अभिकथन (Assertion A) के रूप में लिखित है तो दूसरा उसके कारण (Reason R) के रूप में :

अभिकथन (A): ध्वनि अशास्वत है क्योंकि यह उत्पन्न होती है।

कारण (R): 'हेतु', 'ध्वनी' की शाश्वतता प्रमाणित नहीं करता है अपितु इसकी अ-शाश्वतता को स्थापित करती है। Kumar Education

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- (A) और (R) दोनों सत्य हैं और (R). (A) की सही व्याख्या है
- (2) (A) और (R) दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन (R), (A) की सही व्याख्या नहीं है
- (3) (A) सत्य है, लेकिन (R) असत्य है
- (4) (A) असत्य है, लेकिन (R) सत्य है

[Question ID = 10269][Question Description = 130_00_General_46_OCT22_Q30]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11073]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11074]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11075]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11076]
- 26) A software is termed as an open source software if
 - (1) the developer company is open 24×7
 - (2) its source code is available to share, study and modify
 - (3) it can be downloaded from the Internet
 - (4) it is available free of cost





किसी सॉफ्टवेयर को ओपन सोर्स सॉफ्टवेयर कहा जाता है यदि

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- डेवलपर कंपनी चौबीसों घंटे सातों दिन खुली है। (1)
- इसका सोर्स कोड साझा किए जाने, अध्ययन और संशोधन के लिए उपलब्ध है। (2)
- इसे इंटरनेट से डाउनलोड़ किया जा सकता है। (3)
- यह निःशल्क उपलब्ध है। (4)

[Question ID = 10270][Question Description = 131_00_General_46_0CT22_Q31]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11077]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11078]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11079]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11080]
- Identify the correct arrangement of the following different types of computer networks in the descending order of their geographic area coverage.
 - MAN (A)
 - WAN (B)
 - LAN (C)

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (A), (B), (C) (1)
- (2)(B), (C), (A)
- (3)(B). (A). (C)
- (C), (A), (B) (4)

कंप्यूटर नेटवर्कों के निम्नलिखित भिन्न प्रकारों के उनके भौगोलिक क्षेत्र कवरेज के अनुसार सही अवरोही क्रम की पहचान करें :

- (A) MAN (एम ए एन)
- WAN (डब्ल्य ए एन) (B)

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(C) LAN (एल ए एन)

नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर का चयन कीजिए :

- (1) (A), (B), (C)
- (2)(B), (C), (A)
- (3) (B), (A), (C)
- (4) (C), (A), (B)

[Question ID = 10271][Question Description = 132_00_General_46_OCT22_Q32]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11081]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11082]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11083]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11084]





28) Given below are two statements in respect of Computers: Downloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com

Statement (I): A DVD-ROM is an optical storage media and it can be written many times.

Statement (Π) : Software is loaded into secondary storage from RAM and is then executed by CPU.

In the light of the above statements, Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are true
- (2) Both Statement (I) and Statement (II) are false
- (3) Statement (I) is true but Statement (II) is false
- (4) Statement (I) is false but Statement (II) is true

नीचे दो कथन दिए गए हैं जो कंप्यूटरों से संबंधित हैं :

कथन (I) : डीबीडी-रोम (DVD-ROM) एक ऑप्टिकल स्टोरेज मीडिया है और इस पर अनेक बार लिखा जा सकता है।

कथन (II): सॉफ्टवेयर रैम (RAM) से सेकेंडरी स्टोरेज में डाला जाता है और तत्पश्चात इसे सी पी यू द्वारा निष्पादित किया जाता है। Kumar Education

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उपरोक्त कथन के आलोक में, नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर का चयन कीजिए :

- कथन (I) और (II) दोनों सत्य हैं
- (2) कथन (I) और (II) दोनों असत्य हैं
- (3) कथन (I) सत्य है, लेकिन कथन (II) असत्य है
- (4) कथन (I) असत्य है, लेकिन कथन (II) सत्य है

[Question ID = 10272][Question Description = 133_00_General_46_OCT22_Q33]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11085]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11086]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11087]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11088]



29)		hich of the following file formats are appropriate for distributernet?	Kumar Education writing video files across the Kumar Edu.com
	(A)) .FLA	
	(B)	.MP3	
	(C)) .WMA	
	(D)) .AIF	
	(E)) .AVI	
	Cho	noose the correct answer from the options given below:	
	(1)	(B) and (C) only	
	(2)	(A) and (E) only	
	(3)	(D) and (E) only	
	(4)	(C) and (D) only	
इंट	रनेट प	पर वीडियो फाज्लों के वितरण के लिए निम्नलिखित में से कौन से फाइल फॉर्मेट उपन	युक्त हैं?
(A	()	.FLA	
(E	3)	.MP3	
(C	5)	.WMA	Kumar Education
(Σ))	AIF	_ Nullial Education

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नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर का चयन कीजिए:

(1) केवल (B) और (C)

.AVI

(E)

- (2) केवल (A) और (E)
- (3) केवल (D) और (E)
- (4) केबल (C) और (D)

[Question ID = 10273][Question Description = 134_00_General_46_OCT22_Q34]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11089]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11090]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11091]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11092]



30) Match List I with List II

(D) mdb

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List I List II

(File extension) (File type)

- (A) mp3 (I) image
 (B) xls (II) music
- (C) jpeg (III) database
- D) 40 4550

(IV) spreadsheet

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (A)-(I), (B)-(IV), (C)-(II), (D)-(III)
- (2) (A)-(II), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(III)
- (3) (A)-(II), (B)-(IV), (C)-(III), (D)-(I)
- (4) (A)-(III), (B)-(II), (C)-(I), (D)-(IV)

सूची-I के साथ सूची-II का मिलान कीजिए

सूची-I स्ची-II

(फाइल एक्सटेंशन) (फाइल टाइप)

- (A) mp3 (I) इमेज
- (B) xls (II) म्यूजिक **८** Kumar Education
- (C) jpeg (III) डाटाबेस
- (D) mdb (IV) स्प्रेडशीट

नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर का चयन कीजिए :

- (1) (A)-(I), (B)-(IV), (C)-(II), (D)-(III)
- (2) (A)-(II), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(III)
- (3) (A)-(II), (B)-(IV), (C)-(III), (D)-(I)
- (4) (A)-(III), (B)-(II), (C)-(I), (D)-(IV)

[Question ID = 10274][Question Description = 135_00_General_46_0CT22_Q35]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11093]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11094]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11095]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11096]





- Identify the correct sequence of average noise levels in increasing order of their magnitude umarEdu.com from different sources.
 - (A) City street corner
 - (B) Conversational speech
 - (C) Highway
 - (D) Aircraft noise during take off
 - (E) Typical office

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (E), (A), (B), (C), (D)
- (2) (E), (B), (A), (C), (D)
- (3) (B), (E), (A), (C), (D)
- (4) (B), (E), (A), (D), (C)

विभिन्न स्रोतों से उत्पन्न औसत ध्वनि स्तरों की मात्रा के सही आरोही क्रम की पहचान करें।

- (A) शहर की सड़क का कोना
- (B) वार्तालाप संभाषण
- (C) राजमार्ग
- (D) उडान भरते समय वाय्यान की ध्वनि
- (E) सामान्य कार्यालय

नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर का चयन कीजिए :

- (1) (E), (A), (B), (C), (D)
- (2) (E), (B), (A), (C), (D)
- (3) (B), (E), (A), (C), (D)
- (4) (B), (E), (A), (D), (C)

[Question ID = 10275][Question Description = 136_00_General_46_OCT22_Q36]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11097]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11098]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11099]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11100]



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32) Given below are two statements: One is labelled as Assertion (A) and the other is labeled as umar Edu. com Reason (R).

Assertion (A): Energy produced from biomass is considered 'carbon neutral'.

Reason (R): Biomass does not add CO2 to the atmosphere.

In the light of the above statements, choose the *most appropriate answer* from the options given below:

- (1) Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (2) Both (A) and (R) are correct but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A)
- (3) (A) is correct but (R) is not correct
- (4) (A) is not correct but (R) is correct

नींचे दो कथन दिए गए हैं : एक अभिकथन (Assertion A) के रूप में लिखित है तो दूसरा उसके कारण (Reason R) के रूप में :

अभिकथन (A) : जैव संहति (बायोमास) से उत्पन्न उर्जा को 'कार्बन उदासीन' माना जाता है।

कारण (R): जैव संहति (बायोमास) वातावरण में CO2 नहीं बढ़ाता है।

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उपरोक्त कथनों के आलोक में, नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सबसे उपयुक्त उत्तर का चयन कीजिए : Downloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com

- (A) और (R) दोनों सही हैं और (R), (A) की सही व्याख्या है
- (2) (A) और (R) दोनों सही हैं, लेकिन (R), (A) की सही व्याख्या नहीं है
- (3) (A) सही है, लेकिन (R) सही नहीं है
- (4) (A) सही नहीं है, लेकिन (R) सही है

[Question ID = 10276][Question Description = 137_00_General_46_OCT22_Q37]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11101]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11102]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11103]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11104]



- What is the correct order of Global Warming Potential (GWP) of following atmospheric umar Edu.com chemical species?
 - (A) Chlorofluro Carbon (CFC)
 - (B) Methane (CH₄)
 - (C) Carbon dioxide (CO2)
 - (D) Nitrous oxide (N2O)

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) D > B > C > A
- (2) C < B < D < A
- (3) A > B > C > D
- (4) A < C < D < B</p>

निम्नलिखित वातावरणीय रसायनों के ग्लोबल वार्मिंग पोटेंशियल (जी डब्ल्यू पी) का सही क्रम क्या है?

- (A) क्लोरोफ्लोरो कार्बन (सी एफ सी)
- (B) मीथेन (CH₄)
- (C) कार्बन डाइऑक्साइड (CO2)
- (D) नाइट्स ऑक्साइड (N_2O)



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नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सही उत्तर का चयन कीजिए :

- (1) D > B > C > A
- (2) C < B < D < A
- (3) A > B > C > D
- (4) A < C < D < B

[Question ID = 10277][Question Description = 138_00_General_46_OCT22_Q38]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11105]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11106]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11107]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11108]





34) Given below are two statements:

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Statement I: Classical smog is formed when oxides of nitrogen combine with particulate

matter especially in summer season.

Statement II: Classical smog reduces atmospheric visibility to a great extent.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both Statement I and Statement II are true
- (2) Both Statement I and Statement II are false
- (3) Statement I is true but Statement II is false
- (4) Statement I is false but Statement II is true

नीचे दो कथन दिए गए हैं :

कथन (I) : विशेषतः गर्मी के मौसम में नाइट्रोजन के ऑक्साइड्स का पार्टिकुलेट मैटर के साथ संयोजन से क्लासिकल स्मॉग बनता है।

कथन (II): क्लासिकल स्मॉग वायुमंडल की दृश्यता बहुत हद तक घटा देता है।

उपरोक्त कथन के आलोक में, नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से <u>सही उत्तर</u> का चयन कीजिए 🗧 Kumar Education

कथन (I) और (II) दोनों सत्य हैं

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- (2) कथन (I) और (II) दोनों असत्य हैं
- (3) कथन (I) सत्य है, लेकिन कथन (II) असत्य है
- (4) कथन (I) असत्य है, लेकिन कथन (II) सत्य है

[Question ID = 10278][Question Description = 139_00_General_46_OCT22_Q39]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11109]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11110]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11111]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11112]
- 35) Source of arsenic pollution in the ground water is
 - (1) Industrial ettluents

(2) Deep underground formations

(3) Dyeing industries

(4) Agricultural wastes

भू जल में आर्सेनिक प्रदूषण का स्रोत है :

- औद्योगिक कचरा
- (2) गहन भूमिगत विरचन

(3) रंजक उद्योग

(4) কুছি अपशिष्ट

[Question ID = 10279][Question Description = 140_00_General_46_OCT22_Q40]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11113]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11114]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11115]



4. 4 [Option ID = 11116]

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- 36) In ancient Indian education system, learners were given training in following occupations in the fields of
 - (A) Architecture
 - (B) Animal Husbandary
 - (C) Agriculture
 - (D) Administration
 - (E) Dairy farming

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (A), (C), (E) only
- (2) (B), (C), (E) only
- (3) (A), (B), (C), (E) only
- (4) (B), (C), (D), (E) only

प्राचीन भारतीय शिक्षा पद्धति में, अधिगमकर्ताओं को निम्नलिखित वृत्तिगत क्षेत्रों में प्रशिक्षण प्रदान किया गया था :

- (A) स्थापत्य
- (B) पश्-पालन
- (C) कृषि
- (D) प्रशासन
- (E) **डे**री-उद्योग



Choose the correct answer from the options given below: Downloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com

- (1) केवल (A), (C), (E)
- (2) केवल (B), (C), (E)
- (3) केवल (A), (B), (C), (E)
- (4) 第 and (B), (C), (D), (E)

[Question ID = 10280][Question Description = 141_00_General_46_0CT22_Q41]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11117]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11118]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11119]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11120]
- Which among the following was proposed by Kothari commission vis-a-vis language?
 - (1) Use of mother tongue as a medium of instruction
 - (2) Use of Hindi as a medium of instruction
 - (3) Two-language formula
 - (4) Three language formula





भाषा के संदर्भ में कोठारी आयोग का निम्नलिखित में से क्या प्रस्ताव था?

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- अन्देशन माध्यम के रूप में मात भाषा का प्रयोग (1)
- अन्देशन माध्यम के रूप में हिंदी का प्रयोग (2)
- द्वि-भाषा सूत्र (3)
- त्रि-भाषा सूत्र (4)

[Question ID = 10281][Question Description = 142_00_General_46_OCT22_Q42]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11121]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11122]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11123]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11124]
- As envisaged in National Education Policy (2020), all Higher Educational Institutions will aim to have a student strength of -- by 2040.
 - (1) ≥ 5000

 $(2) \geq 4000$

 ≥ 3000 (3)

 $(4) \geq 2500$

जैसा कि राष्ट्रीय शिक्षा नीति (2020) में विचार किया गया है कि वर्ष 2040 तक सभी उच्च शैक्षिक संस्थाओं में विद्यार्थियों की संख्या होने का लक्ष्य --

 ≥ 5000 (1)

 ≥ 4000

 ≥ 3000 (3)

 $(4) \geq 2500$

[Question ID = 10282][Question Description = 143_00_General_46_OCT22_Q43] Kumar Education

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11125]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11126]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11127]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11128]

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- 39) Given below are two statements: One is labelled as Assertion (A) and the other is labelled as Reason (R).
 - Universities and higher education institutions are the important Assertion (A):

foundations to the growth of any country.

Reason (R): Intellectual property right acts as a shield for invention to be misused by

third parties.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of (A) (1)
- (2)Both (A) and (R) are correct but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A)
- (A) is correct but (R) is not correct (3)
- (A) is not correct but (R) is correct (4)





नीचे दो कथन दिए गए हैं : एक अभिकथन (Assertion A) के रूप में लिखित है जो) दूसरा (उसके कारण (Reason R)) Kumar Edu.com के रूप में :

अभिकथन (A): किसी भी राष्ट्र की संवृद्धि के लिए विश्वविद्यालय और उच्चतर शिक्षण संस्थान महत्वपूर्ण आधार होते

है।

कारण (R): तीसरे पक्ष द्वारा आविष्कारों का द्सपयोग रोकने में बौद्धिक संपदा अधिकार तक कवच की तरह कार्य

करता है।

उपरोक्त कथनों के आलोक में, नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से सबसे उपयुक्त उत्तर का चयन कीजिए :

- (1) (A) और (R) दोनों सही हैं और (R), (A) की सही व्याख्या है
- (2) (A) और (R) दोनों सही हैं, लेकिन (R), (A) की सही व्याख्या नहीं है
- (3) (A) सही है, लेकिन (R) सही नहीं है
- (4) (A) सही नहीं है, लेकिन (R) सही है

[Question ID = 10283][Question Description = 144_00_General_46_OCT22_Q44]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11129]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11130]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11131]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11132]
- 40) In the context of vocational education, the organisation 'NSDC' is
 - (1) National Skill Development Council
 - (2) National Skill Development Corporation
 - (3) National Skill Documentation Centre
 - (4) National Sector Development Corporation



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व्यावसायिक शिक्षा के संदर्भ में, 'एन एस डी सी' संगठन का आशय है :

- (1) नेशनल स्किल डेवलपमेन्ट काउंसिल
- (2) नेशनल स्किल डेवलपमेन्ट कापोरेशन
- (3) नेशनल स्किल डाक्य्मेन्ट्रेशन सेन्टर
- (4) नेशनल स्किल डेवलपमेन्ट कार्पोरेशन

[Question ID = 10284][Question Description = 145_00_General_46_OCT22_Q45]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11133]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11134]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11135]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11136]

Topic:- GP_SH1_S1_C



1) Read the following passage and answer questions from 46 to 50.0Wnloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com

Television is a cultural commodity. It works within an economically determined capitalist economy, but when we have said that about it we have said both much and remarkably little. There is a financial economy within which wealth circulates, and a cultural economy within which meanings and pleasures circulate, and the relationship between them is not as deterministic as some theorists have proposed. In the financial economy, television symbolises programmes and advertisements, not textuality. A programme is a commodity produced and then sold to distributors. In distribution, its role changes and it becomes not a commodity, but a producer, and what it produces is a new commodity, the audience which is then, in its turn, sold as a commodity to advertisers. The ramifications of this financial economy are fascinating. Here the role shift undergone by the programme in the financial economy-that from commodity to producer-is now undergone by the audience, who are left as a commodity sold to the advertiser. But in the cultural economy the audience rejects its role as a commodity and becomes a Producer, a Producer of meanings and pleasures, and at this moment stops being 'an audience' and becomes different materialisations of the process that we call "viewing television". While the metaphor of a cultural economy is a productive one, we must not let it blind us to differences between it and the financial. Meanings and pleasures do not circulate in the cultural economy in the same way that wealth does in the financial. In the first place there is no exchange of money at the point of sale or consumption. Television appears to be free, however, it may be actually paid for. Payment has no direct relationship to consumption-people can consume as much as they wish and what they wish with no thought of what they are able to afford.

निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पहें और प्रश्न सं. 46 से 50 तक के उत्तर दें :

टेलीविजन एक सांस्कृतिक वस्तु है। यह आर्थिक रूप से निर्धारित पूंजीवादी अर्थव्यवस्था के भीतर कार्य करता है. लेकिन जब हम इसके बारे में ऐसा कहते हैं तो हमारा कथन पर्याप्त के साथ-साथ अत्यंत अपर्याप्त भी होता है। एक वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था होती है जिसके भीतर घन परिचालित होता है और एक सांस्कृतिक अर्थव्यवस्था होती है जिसके भीतर अर्थ और आनन्द परिचालित होते है और इन दोनों के मध्य का संबंध उतना निश्चयात्मक नहीं होता जितना कुछ सिद्धातकारी ने प्रस्तावित किया ation है। वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था में टेलीविजन कार्यक्रमों और विज्ञापनों का प्रतीक है न कि विषय नवस्त्र कार्य कोई कार्यक्रम एक KumarEdu.com उत्पादित वस्तु है जो बाद में वितरकों को बेची जाती है। वितरण की प्रक्रिया के दौरान इसकी भूमिका परिवर्तित हो जाती है और यह एक वस्तु से एक उत्पादक में बदल जाता है और इसके द्वारा जो वस्तु उत्पादित की जाती है, वह होता है दर्शक, जिसे बाद में एक उत्पाद की तरह विज्ञापनकर्ताओं को बेचा जाता है। इस वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था के फलितार्थ अत्यंत रोचक है। यहां वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था में कार्यक्रम के भूमिका परिवर्तन -वस्तु से उत्पादक बनता - की प्रक्रिया से अब दर्शकों को गुजरना पड़ता है जिन्हें एक उत्पाद के रूप में विज्ञापनकर्ताओं को बेच दिया जाता है। किंतु सांस्कृतिक अर्थव्यवस्था में दर्शक उत्पाद के रूप में अपनी भूमिका को खारिज कर देता है और स्वयं एक उत्पादक बन बैठता है, अर्थ और प्रसन्नता का उत्पादक, और इस क्षण में वह 'दर्शक', की भूमिका को त्याग कर "टेलीविजन देखने" की प्रक्रिया के भिन्न भौतिकीकरण बन जाता है। हालांकि सांस्कृतिक अर्थव्यवस्था का रूपक उत्पादक स्वरूप का है, इससे हमें सांस्कृतिक और वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था के बीच के अंतरों को अनदेखा नहीं करना चाहिए। सांस्कृतिक अर्थव्यवस्था में अर्थ और आनन्द उस तरह परिचालित नहीं होते जैसे वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था में धन परिचालित होता है। पहली बात तो यह है कि बिक्री अथवा उपभोग बिंदु पर धन का कोई लेन-देन नहीं होता है। टेलीविजन निःशुल्क प्रतीत होता है, बहरहाल, हो सकता है कि इसके लिए भगतान किया गया है। भगतान का उपभोग से कोई प्रत्यक्ष संबंध नहीं है। लो - बिना अपने सामर्थ्य की चिंता किए जितना चाहें और जिसका चाहें उपभोग कर सकते हैं।

When we consider television as a product, then it operates in a/an

Deterministic cultural system (1)

Circulatory commercial system

(3) Audience power system (4) Distributive pleasure system

जब हम टेलीविजन को एक उत्पाद मानते हैं तो यह

निश्चयात्मक सांस्कृतिक तंत्र में प्रचालित होता है (2) चक्रीय व्यवसायिक तंत्र में प्रचालित होता है (1)

दर्शक शक्ति तंत्र के प्रचालित होता है (3)

(4) वितरणात्मक आनन्द तंत्र में प्रचालित होता है

[Question ID = 10285][Question Description = 146_00_General_46_0CT22_Q46]

Kumar Education



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- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11137]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11138]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11139]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11140]
- Read the following passage and answer questions from 46 to 50.

Television is a cultural commodity. It works within an economically determined capitalist economy, but when we have said that about it we have said both much and remarkably little. There is a financial economy within which wealth circulates, and a cultural economy within which meanings and pleasures circulate, and the relationship between them is not as deterministic as some theorists have proposed. In the financial economy, television symbolises programmes and advertisements, not textuality. A programme is a commodity produced and then sold to distributors. In distribution, its role changes and it becomes not a commodity, but a producer, and what it produces is a new commodity, the audience which is then, in its turn, sold as a commodity to advertisers. The ramifications of this financial economy are fascinating. Here the role shift undergone by the programme in the financial economy-that from commodity to producer-is now undergone by the audience, who are left as a commodity sold to the advertiser. But in the cultural economy the audience rejects its role as a commodity and becomes a Producer, a Producer of meanings and pleasures, and at this moment stops being 'an audience' and becomes different materialisations of the process that we call "viewing television". While the metaphor of a cultural economy is a productive one, we must not let it blind us to differences between it and the financial. Meanings and pleasures do not circulate in the cultural economy in the same way that wealth does in the financial. In the first place there is no exchange of money at the point of sale or consumption. Television appears to be free, however, it may be actually paid for. Payment has no direct relationship to consumption-people can consume as much as they wish and what they wish with no thought of what they are able to afford.

निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़ें और प्रश्न सं. 46 से 50 तक के उत्तर दें :

निम्नालाखत गद्याश को पढ़े और प्रश्न सं. 46 से 50 तक के उत्तर दें :

Education
देलीविजन एक सांस्कृतिक वस्तु है। यह आर्थिक रूप से निर्धारित पूंजीवादी अर्थव्यवस्था के भीतर कार्य करता है, लेकिन जब हम इसके बारे में ऐसा कहते हैं तो हमारा कथन पर्याप्त के साथ-साथ अत्यंत अपर्याप्त भी होता है। एक वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था होती है जिसके भीतर घन परिचालित होता है और एक सांस्कृतिक अर्थव्यवस्था होती है जिसके भीतर अर्थ और आनन्द परिचालित होते है और इन दोनों के मध्य का संबंध उतना निश्चयात्मक नहीं होता जितना कुछ सिद्धांतकारों ने प्रस्तावित किया है। वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था में टेलीविजन कार्यक्रमों और विज्ञापनों का प्रतीक है न कि विषय-वस्तु का । कोई कार्यक्रम एक उत्पादित वस्तु है जो बाद में वितरकों को बेची जाती है। वितरण की प्रक्रिया के दौरान इसकी भूमिका परिवर्तित हो जाती है और यह एक वस्तु से एक उत्पादक में बदल जाता है और इसके द्वारा जो वस्तु उत्पादित की जाती है, वह होता है दर्शक, जिसे बाद में एक उत्पाद की तरह विज्ञापनकर्ताओं को बेचा जाता है। इस वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था के फलितार्थ अत्यंत रोचक है। यहां वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था में कार्यक्रम के भूमिका परिवर्तन -वस्तु से उत्पादक बनता - की प्रक्रिया से अब दर्शकों को गुजरना पड़ता है जिन्हें एक उत्पाद के रूप में विज्ञापनकर्ताओं को बेच दिया जाता है। किंतु सांस्कृतिक अर्थव्यवस्था में दर्शक उत्पाद के रूप में अपनी भूमिका को खारिज कर देता है और स्वयं एक उत्पादक बन बैठता है, अर्थ और प्रसन्नता का उत्पादक, और इस क्षण में वह 'दर्शक', की भूमिका को त्याग कर ''टेलीविजन देखने'' की प्रक्रिया के भिन्न भौतिकीकरण बन जाता है। हालांकि सांस्कृतिक अर्थव्यवस्था का रूपक उत्पादक स्वरूप का है, इससे हमें सांस्कृतिक और वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था के बीच के अंतरों को अनदेखा नहीं करना चाहिए। सांस्कृतिक अर्थव्यवस्था में अर्थ और आनन्द उस तरह परिचालित नहीं होते जैसे वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था में धन परिचालित होता है। पहली बात तो यह है कि बिक्री अथवा उपभोग बिंदु पर धन का कोई लेन-देन नहीं होता है। टेलीविजन निःशुल्क प्रतीत होता है, बहरहाल, हो सकता है कि इसके लिए भगतान किया गया है। भगतान का उपभोग से कोई प्रत्यक्ष संबंध नहीं है। लो - बिना अपने सामर्थ्य की चिंता किए जितना चाहें और जिसका चाहें उपभोग कर सकते हैं।

In distribution television becomes

Cultural commodity (1)

(2) Producer of a new commodity

Purveyor of textuality (3)

(4) A source of theorisation





वितरण के दौरान, टेलीविजन बन जाता है :

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(1) सांस्कृतिक वस्त्

(2) एक नई वस्तु का उत्पादक

(3) विषयवस्तु का पर्यवेक्षक

(4) सैद्धांतिकी स्रोत

[Question ID = 10286][Question Description = 147_00_General_46_OCT22_Q47]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11141]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11142]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11143]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11144]
- Read the following passage and answer questions from 46 to 50.

Television is a cultural commodity. It works within an economically determined capitalist economy, but when we have said that about it we have said both much and remarkably little. There is a financial economy within which wealth circulates, and a cultural economy within which meanings and pleasures circulate, and the relationship between them is not as deterministic as some theorists have proposed. In the financial economy, television symbolises programmes and advertisements, not textuality. A programme is a commodity produced and then sold to distributors. In distribution, its role changes and it becomes not a commodity, but a producer, and what it produces is a new commodity, the audience which is then, in its turn, sold as a commodity to advertisers. The ramifications of this financial economy are fascinating. Here the role shift undergone by the programme in the financial economy-that from commodity to producer-is now undergone by the audience, who are left as a commodity sold to the advertiser. But in the cultural economy the audience rejects its role as a commodity and becomes a Producer, a Producer of meanings and pleasures, and at this moment stops being 'an audience' and becomes different materialisations of the process that we call "viewing television". While the metaphor of a cultural economy is a productive one, ation we must not let it blind us to differences between it and the financial. Meanings and pleasures do not circulate in the cultural economy in the same way that wealth does in the financial. In the first place there is no exchange of money at the point of sale or consumption. Television appears to be free, however, it may be actually paid for. Payment has no direct relationship to consumption-people can consume as much as they wish and what they wish with no thought of what they are able to afford.

निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पहें और प्रश्न सं. 46 से 50 तक के उत्तर दें :

टेलीविजन एक सांस्कृतिक वस्तु है। यह आर्थिक रूप से निर्धारित पूंजीवादी अर्थव्यवस्था के भीतर कार्य करता है, लेकिन जब हम इसके बारे में ऐसा कहते हैं तो हमारा कथन पर्याप्त के साथ-साथ अत्यंत अपर्याप्त भी होता है। एक वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था होती है जिसके भीतर घन परिचालित होता है और एक सांस्कृतिक अर्थव्यवस्था होती है जिसके भीतर अर्थ और आनन्द परिचालित होते है और इन दोनों के मध्य का संबंध उतना निश्चयात्मक नहीं होता जितना कुछ सिद्धांतकारों ने प्रस्तावित किया है। वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था में टेलीविजन कार्यक्रमों और विज्ञापनों का प्रतीक है न कि विषय-वस्त का । कोई कार्यक्रम एक उत्पादित वस्त है जो बाद में वितरकों को बेची जाती है। वितरण की प्रक्रिया के दौरान इसकी भूमिका परिवर्तित हो जाती है और यह एक वस्तु से एक उत्पादक में बदल जाता है और इसके द्वारा जो वस्तु उत्पादित की जाती है, वह होता है दर्शक, जिसे बाद में एक उत्पाद की तरह विज्ञापनकर्ताओं को बेचा जाता है। इस वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था के फलितार्थ अत्यंत रोचक है। यहां वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था में कार्यक्रम के भूमिका परिवर्तन -वस्तु से उत्पादक बनता - की प्रक्रिया से अब दर्शकों को गुजरना पड़ता है जिन्हें एक उत्पाद के रूप में विज्ञापनकर्ताओं को बेच दिया जाता है। किंतु सांस्कृतिक अर्थव्यवस्था में दर्शक उत्पाद के रूप में अपनी भूमिका को खारिज कर देता है और स्वयं एक उत्पादक बन बैठता है, अर्थ और प्रसन्नता का उत्पादक, और इस क्षण में वह 'दर्शक', की भूमिका को त्याग कर "टेलीविजन देखने" की प्रक्रिया के भिन्न भौतिकीकरण बन जाता है। हालांकि सांस्कृतिक अर्थव्यवस्था का रूपक उत्पादक स्वरूप का है, इससे हमें सांस्कृतिक और वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था के बीच के अंतरों को अनदेखा नहीं करना चाहिए। सांस्कृतिक अर्थव्यवस्था में अर्थ और आनन्द उस तरह परिचालित नहीं होते जैसे वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था में धन परिचालित होता है। पहली बात तो यह है कि बिक्री अथवा उपभोग बिंदु पर धन का कोई लेन-देन नहीं होता है। टेलीविजन निःशुल्क प्रतीत होता है, बहरहाल, हो सकता है कि इसके लिए भुगतान किया गया है। भुगतान का उपभोग से कोई प्रत्यक्ष संबंध नहीं है। लो - बिना अपने सामर्थ्य की चिंता किए जितना चाहें और जिसका चाहें उपभोग कर सकते हैं।



What are the ramifications of television as a commodity in financial economy? ad FREE from KumarEdu.com

(1) Making huge profits

(2) Importance to distribution channels

(3) Audience for advertisers

(4) Enculturisation of audience

वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था में एक वस्तु के रूप में टेलीविजन के क्या फलितार्थ हैं?

(1) अत्यधिक लाभ कमाना

(2) वितरण चैनलों को महत्व

(3) विज्ञापनकर्ताओं के लिए दर्शक

(4) दर्शक का सांस्कृतिक अर्थव्यवस्था में सांस्कृतिकरण

[Question ID = 10287][Question Description = 148_00_General_46_0CT22_Q48]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11145]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11146]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11147]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11148]
- Read the following passage and answer questions from 46 to 50.

Television is a cultural commodity. It works within an economically determined capitalist economy, but when we have said that about it we have said both much and remarkably little. There is a financial economy within which wealth circulates, and a cultural economy within which meanings and pleasures circulate, and the relationship between them is not as deterministic as some theorists have proposed. In the financial economy, television symbolises programmes and advertisements, not textuality. A programme is a commodity produced and then sold to distributors. In distribution, its role changes and it becomes not a commodity, but a producer, and what it produces is a new commodity, the audience which is then, in its turn, sold as a commodity to advertisers. The ramifications of this financial ation economy are fascinating. Here the role shift undergone by the programme in the financial economy-that from commodity to producer-is now undergone by the audience, who are left as Kumar Edu.com a commodity sold to the advertiser. But in the cultural economy the audience rejects its role as a commodity and becomes a Producer, a Producer of meanings and pleasures, and at this moment stops being 'an audience' and becomes different materialisations of the process that we call "viewing television". While the metaphor of a cultural economy is a productive one, we must not let it blind us to differences between it and the financial. Meanings and pleasures do not circulate in the cultural economy in the same way that wealth does in the financial. In the first place there is no exchange of money at the point of sale or consumption. Television appears to be free, however, it may be actually paid for. Payment has no direct relationship to consumption-people can consume as much as they wish and what they wish with no thought of what they are able to afford.





निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पहें और प्रश्न सं. 46 से 50 तक के उत्तर दें :

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टेलीविजन एक सांस्कृतिक वस्तु है। यह आर्थिक रूप से निर्धारित पूंजीवादी अर्थव्यवस्था के भीतर कार्य करता है, लेकिन जब हम इसके बारे में ऐसा कहते हैं तो हमारा कथन पर्याप्त के साथ-साथ अत्यंत अपर्याप्त भी होता है। एक वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था होती है जिसके भीतर घन परिचालित होता है और एक सांस्कृतिक अर्थव्यवस्था होती है जिसके भीतर अर्थ और आनन्द परिचालित होते है और इन दोनों के मध्य का संबंध उतना निश्चयात्मक नहीं होता जितना कुछ सिद्धांतकारों ने प्रस्तावित किया है। वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था में टेलीविजन कार्यक्रमों और विज्ञापनों का प्रतीक है न कि विषय-वस्तु का । कोई कार्यक्रम एक उत्पादित वस्त है जो बाद में वितरकों को बेची जाती है। वितरण की प्रक्रिया के दौरान इसकी भूमिका परिवर्तित हो जाती है और यह एक वस्तु से एक उत्पादक में बदल जाता है और इसके द्वारा जो वस्तु उत्पादित की जाती है, वह होता है दर्शक, जिसे बाद में एक उत्पाद की तरह विज्ञापनकर्ताओं को बेचा जाता है। इस वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था के फलितार्थ अत्यंत रोचक है। यहां वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था में कार्यक्रम के भूमिका परिवर्तन -वस्तु से उत्पादक बनता - की प्रक्रिया से अब दर्शकों को गुजरना पड़ता है जिन्हें एक उत्पाद के रूप में विज्ञापनकर्ताओं को बेच दिया जाता है। किंतु सांस्कृतिक अर्थव्यवस्था में दर्शक उत्पाद के रूप में अपनी भूमिका को खारिज कर देता है और स्वयं एक उत्पादक बन बैठता है, अर्थ और प्रसन्नता का उत्पादक, और इस क्षण में वह 'दर्शक', की भूमिका को त्याग कर "टेलीविजन देखने" की प्रक्रिया के भिन्न भौतिकीकरण बन जाता है। हालांकि सांस्कृतिक अर्थव्यवस्था का रूपक उत्पादक स्वरूप का है, इससे हमें सांस्कृतिक और वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था के बीच के अंतरों को अनदेखा नहीं करना चाहिए। सांस्कृतिक अर्थव्यवस्था में अर्थ और आनन्द उस तरह परिचालित नहीं होते जैसे वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था में धन परिचालित होता है। पहली बात तो यह है कि बिक्री अथवा उपभोग बिंदु पर धन का कोई लेन-देन नहीं होता है। टेलीविजन निःशुल्क प्रतीत होता है, बहरहाल, हो सकता है कि इसके लिए भुगतान किया गया है। भुगतान का उपभोग से कोई प्रत्यक्ष संबंध नहीं है। लो - बिना अपने सामर्थ्य की चिंता किए जितना चाहें और जिसका चाहें उपभोग कर सकते हैं।

How viewing television in a cultural economy affects the audience?

- (1) Audience assume a new role
- (2) They become a new commodity
- (3) They cannot differentiate between the financial economy and cultural economy
- (4) Audience restrict the circulation of meanings and pleasures wnloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com

किसी सांस्कृतिक अर्थव्यवस्था में टेलीविजन देखना दर्शक को किस प्रकार प्रभावित करता है?

- दर्शक एक नई भृमिका में आ जाता है
- (2) वे एक नवीन वस्त बन जाते हैं
- (3) वे वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था और सांस्कृतिक अर्थव्यवस्था के बीच भेद नहीं कर सकते
- (4) दर्शक अर्थों और आनन्दों के परिचालन को सीमित कर देते हैं

[Question ID = 10288][Question Description = 149_00_General_46_OCT22_Q49]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11149]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11150]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11151]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11152]





Read the following passage and answer questions from 46 to 50.0wnloaded FREE from KumarEdu.com

Television is a cultural commodity. It works within an economically determined capitalist economy, but when we have said that about it we have said both much and remarkably little. There is a financial economy within which wealth circulates, and a cultural economy within which meanings and pleasures circulate, and the relationship between them is not as deterministic as some theorists have proposed. In the financial economy, television symbolises programmes and advertisements, not textuality. A programme is a commodity produced and then sold to distributors. In distribution, its role changes and it becomes not a commodity, but a producer, and what it produces is a new commodity, the audience which is then, in its turn, sold as a commodity to advertisers. The ramifications of this financial economy are fascinating. Here the role shift undergone by the programme in the financial economy-that from commodity to producer-is now undergone by the audience, who are left as a commodity sold to the advertiser. But in the cultural economy the audience rejects its role as a commodity and becomes a Producer, a Producer of meanings and pleasures, and at this moment stops being 'an audience' and becomes different materialisations of the process that we call "viewing television". While the metaphor of a cultural economy is a productive one, we must not let it blind us to differences between it and the financial. Meanings and pleasures do not circulate in the cultural economy in the same way that wealth does in the financial. In the first place there is no exchange of money at the point of sale or consumption. Television appears to be free, however, it may be actually paid for. Payment has no direct relationship to consumption-people can consume as much as they wish and what they wish with no thought of what they are able to afford.

निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पहें और प्रश्न सं. 46 से 50 तक के उत्तर दें :

टेलीविजन एक सांस्कृतिक वस्तु है। यह आर्थिक रूप से निर्धारित पूंजीवादी अर्थव्यवस्था के भीतर कार्य करता है. लेकिन जब हम इसके बारे में ऐसा कहते हैं तो हमारा कथन पर्याप्त के साथ-साथ अत्यंत अपर्याप्त भी होता है। एक वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था होती है जिसके भीतर घन परिचालित होता है और एक सांस्कृतिक अर्थव्यवस्था होती है जिसके भीतर अर्थ और आनन्द परिचालित होते है और इन दोनों के मध्य का संबंध उतना निश्चयात्मक नहीं होता जितना कुछ सिद्धातकारों ने प्रस्तावित किया ation है। वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था में टेलीविजन कार्यक्रमों और विज्ञापनों का प्रतीक है न कि विषय नवस्त्र कार्य कोई कार्यक्रम एक KumarEdu.com उत्पादित वस्तु है जो बाद में वितरकों को बेची जाती है। वितरण की प्रक्रिया के दौरान इसकी भूमिका परिवर्तित हो जाती है और यह एक वस्तु से एक उत्पादक में बदल जाता है और इसके द्वारा जो वस्तु उत्पादित की जाती है, वह होता है दर्शक, जिसे बाद में एक उत्पाद की तरह विज्ञापनकर्ताओं को बेचा जाता है। इस वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था के फलितार्थ अत्यंत रोचक है। यहां वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था में कार्यक्रम के भूमिका परिवर्तन -वस्तु से उत्पादक बनता - की प्रक्रिया से अब दर्शकों को गुजरना पड़ता है जिन्हें एक उत्पाद के रूप में विज्ञापनकर्ताओं को बेच दिया जाता है। किंतु सांस्कृतिक अर्थव्यवस्था में दर्शक उत्पाद के रूप में अपनी भूमिका को खारिज कर देता है और स्वयं एक उत्पादक बन बैठता है, अर्थ और प्रसन्नता का उत्पादक, और इस क्षण में वह 'दर्शक', की भूमिका को त्याग कर "टेलीविजन देखने" की प्रक्रिया के भिन्न भौतिकीकरण बन जाता है। हालांकि सांस्कृतिक अर्थव्यवस्था का रूपक उत्पादक स्वरूप का है, इससे हमें सांस्कृतिक और वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था के बीच के अंतरों को अनदेखा नहीं करना चाहिए। सांस्कृतिक अर्थव्यवस्था में अर्थ और आनन्द उस तरह परिचालित नहीं होते जैसे वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था में धन परिचालित होता है। पहली बात तो यह है कि बिक्री अथवा उपभोग बिंदु पर धन का कोई लेन-देन नहीं होता है। टेलीविजन निःशुल्क प्रतीत होता है, बहरहाल, हो सकता है कि इसके लिए भगतान किया गया है। भगतान का उपभोग से कोई प्रत्यक्ष संबंध नहीं है। लो - बिना अपने सामर्थ्य की चिंता किए जितना चाहें और जिसका चाहें उपभोग कर सकते हैं।

What is unique about television audience in a cultural economy?

- (1) They are non-stop producers of meanings
- (2) They cannot fathom the finer nuances of financial economy
- (3) They do not pay for content consumption
- (4) They can consume as much sans affordability





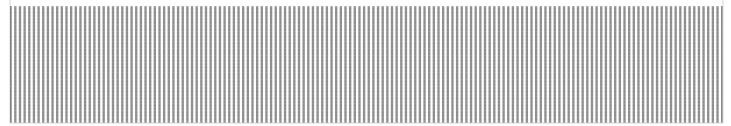
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सांस्कृतिक अर्थव्यवस्था में टेलीविजन दर्शक के बारे में विशिष्ट बात क्या है?

- (1) वे अर्थों के निर्बाध उत्पादक होते हैं।
- (2) वे वित्तीय अर्थव्यवस्था की सूक्ष्म विशेषताओं को नहीं समझ सकते हैं।
- (3) वे विषय-वस्तु उपभोग के लिए भुगतान नहीं करते हैं।
- (4) वे सामर्थ्य के बिना भी जितना चाहें उतना उपभोग कर सकते हैं।

[Question ID = 10289][Question Description = 150_00_General_46_OCT22_Q50]

- 1. 1 [Option ID = 11153]
- 2. 2 [Option ID = 11154]
- 3. 3 [Option ID = 11155]
- 4. 4 [Option ID = 11156]





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